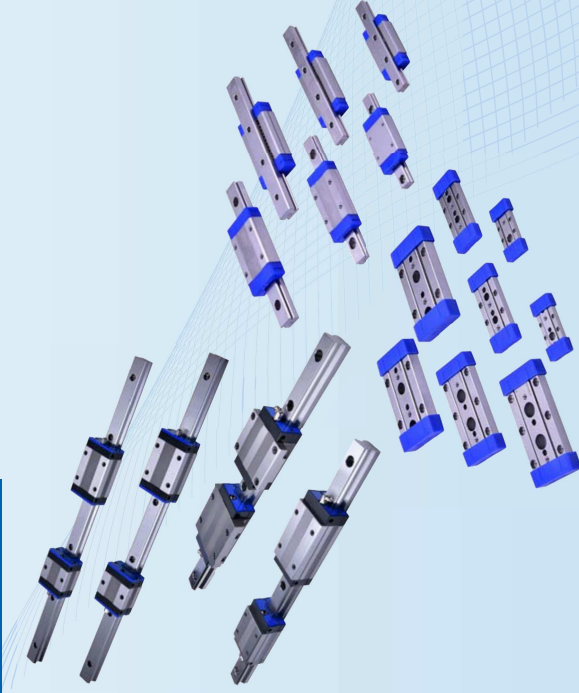# AirTAC INTERNATIONAL GROUP

AirTAC

Europe

Linear Guide(2022A) Europe

- LSH Series Standard Linear Guide
- LSD Series Low Profile Type Linear Guide
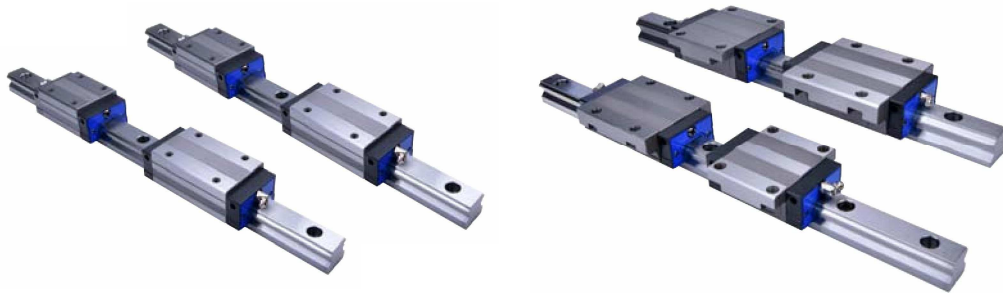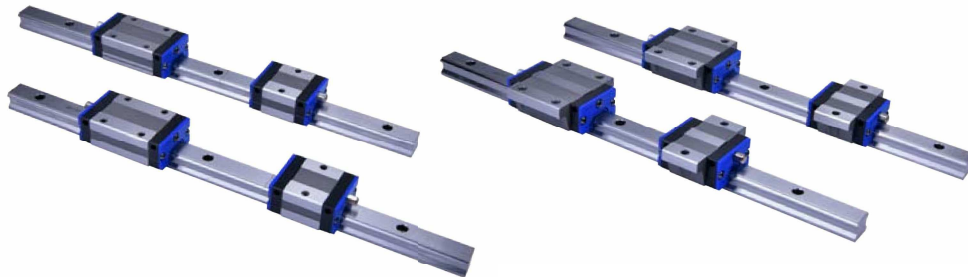- LRM Series Miniature Linear Guide
- LGC Series Crossed Roller Way
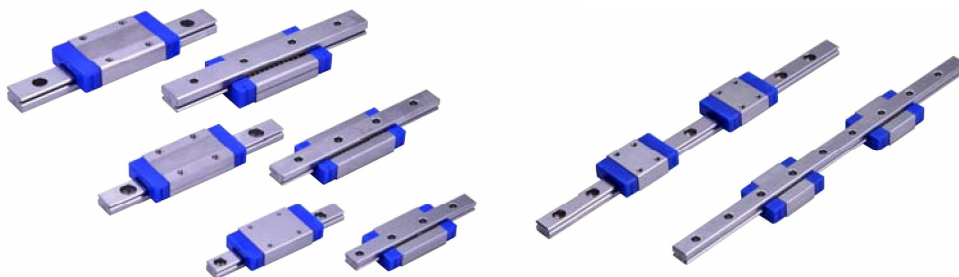
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Long-term Strategic Partnership for Global Automatic Equipment Manufacturers

AirTAC ● Linear Guide
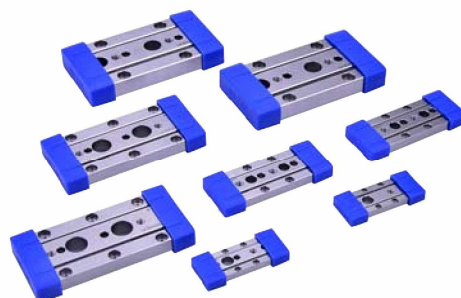
Linear Guide Selection

How to select Linear Guide

Change the span of rail, numbers of blocks and rails	**Conditions of use**	Conditions of use ●Applied equipment ●Installation space ●Rigidity requirements ●Workload ●Frequency of use ●Stroke ●Operating speed and acceleration ●Demand life ●Accuracy requirements ●Use environment
Change type or size	**Model selection**	Choose proper type and size
	Workload calculation	Calculate the load on each block
	Equivalent load calculation	Convert loads from all direction into equivalent load for each block
	Static safety factor check	Calculate static safety factor based on basic static rated load and maximum equivalent load
NO	**Evaluate static safety factor**	
	YES	
	Average load calculation	Convert variable loads in movement into average load
	Lifespan calculation	Calculate the lifespan based on calculation formula
NO	**Compared with demand life**	
	YES	
	Rigidity confirmation	●Select preload level ●Determine the fixing method ●Determine the rigidity of the installation site
	Accuracy confirmation	●Select accuracy grade ●Accuracy of mounting surface
	Lubrication selection	●Lubricant type (grease, lubricating oil, special lubricant) ●Lubrication method (manual or forced lubrication)
	Selection completed	

Load Capacity and Rating Life

1. Basic static load rating (C_0)

When a linear guide absorbs a large force or impact in a static or low-speed movement, it will cause permanent deformation either on rollers and groove.
When sum of deformation on groove and rollers exceeds a certain limit, it will affect the smoothness of its linear movement.
Basic static load rating is defined as the magnitude of a given stress applied at where the stress is the biggest caused the sum of permanent deformation on groove and roller is 1/10000 of the diameter of the rollers.

2. Allowable static moment(M_0)

When torque is applied on a linear guide, rollers in the both ends of block will endure the major stress force.
Allowable static moment is defined as a given moment applied and raised stress force on linear guide which will cause sum of permanent deformation on groove and roller is 1/10000 of the diameter of the rollers.
Static moment is defined in three directions as M_P, M_Y, M_R.
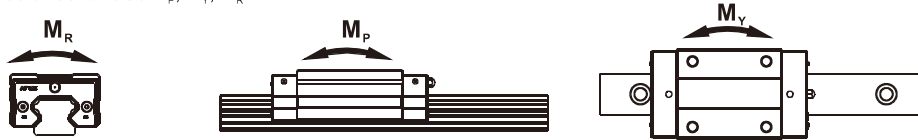
3. Static safety factor(f_s)

During vibration, impact or sudden start and stop, the inertia force or torque will raise huge loads on linear guide. For this kind of situation, it is necessary to put static safety factor into consideration. Static safety factor is a ratio of the basic statics load rating to the calculated working load as shown in following formula. The reference of static safety factor for different conditions is shown in following table:

Use machinery	Load condition	f_s
General industrial machinery	General load conditions	1.0~1.3
	When there is vibration or shock	2.0~3.0
Machine tool	General load conditions	1.0~1.5
	When there is vibration or shock	2.5~7.0

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P} \text{ or } f_s = \frac{M_0}{M}$$

f_s : Static safety factor
C_0 : Basic static load rating $\quad(N)$
M_0 : Allowable static moment $\quad(N \cdot m)$
P : Calculation load $\quad(N)$
M : Calculation moment $\quad(N \cdot m)$

4. Basic dynamic load rating(C)

Basic Dynamic Load rating is defined as the maximum allowable load and can be applied on the same specification of linear guides. This will result in a nominal life of 50 KM operation for linear guide.

5. Life calculation

●Life

When a linear guide is with bearings loaded during operation, the groove and rollers will constantly endure stress force. Once reaching fatigue, the surface will peel off and damage. The life of a given linear guide is defined as the moving distance of a linear guide in which peeling occurs due to fatigue.

●Nominal life

Actual lifespan of linear guide varies enormously. The lifespan of each guide can be different even though they come from the same product batch under the same condition. Therefore, nominal life is usually chosen as bench mark to evaluate lifespan. Nominal life is defined as the moving distance for 90% of linear guides from the same production batch which can perform under the same working condition without peeling.

●Life factor

1. Hardness factor(f_H)

Surface hardness of rollers must be HRC 58~62. A softer hardness will reduce load-bearing performance and static load rating. Therefore allowable moment must be multiplied by a hardness factor as correlation shown on the right chart.
Our hardness requirement for linear guide is HRC58~62, therefore f_H = 1.0.

2. Temperature factor(f_T)

High temperature environment will affect lifespan of the linear guide. Therefore, static load rating and allowable moment must be multiplied by a temperature factor f_T as correlation shown on the right graph.
Certain parts of our linear guide are made of plastic and rubber, hence working in temperature higher than 100℃ is not recommended.

3. Load factor(f_w)

Although loads on a given linear guide can be calculated, it will usually come with vibration or hitting in actual use. This makes actual loads higher than calculated figure. Hence, in heavg vibration or hitting condition, please divide basic dynamic load rating (C) by following empirical load factor.
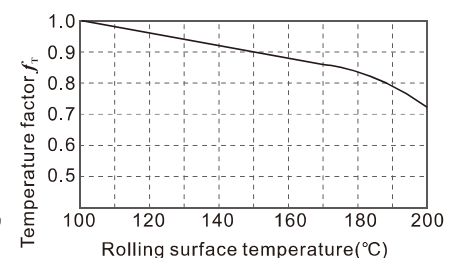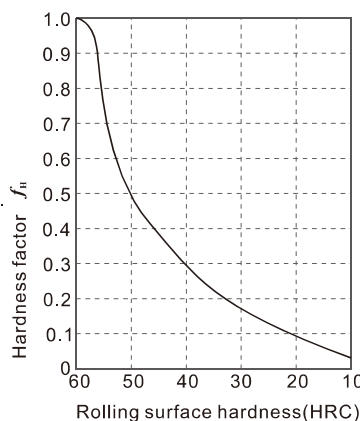
Working Conditions	Use speed	f_w
Smooth without impact	V≤15m/min	1.0~1.2
Common impact and vibration	15m/min < V≤60m/min	1.2~1.5
Moderate impact and vibration	60m/min < V≤120m/min	1.5~2.0
Strong impact and vibration	V≥120m/min	2.0~3.5

Linear Guide Selection

● **Calculation of nominal life(L)**

The nominal life will vary based on applied load. Hardness and working temperature will also have great effects on lifespan of a linear guide. Putting all factors into consideration, nominal life can be calculated by following formula:.

$$L = (\frac{f_H \times f_T}{f_W} \times \frac{C}{P})^3 \times 50Km$$

L : Nominal life   (km)
C : Basic dynamic load rating   (N)
P : Workload   (N)
f_w : Load factor
f_H : Hardness factor
f_T : Temperature factor

● **Calculation of service life time(L_h)**

If stroke length and repeating time are known, service life time (L_h) can be derived based on rated life (L)

$$L_h = \frac{L \times 10^3}{2 \times l_s \times n_1 \times 60}$$

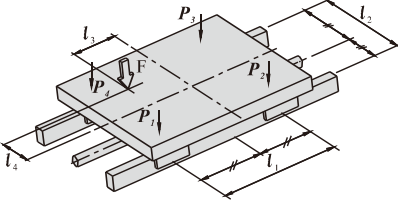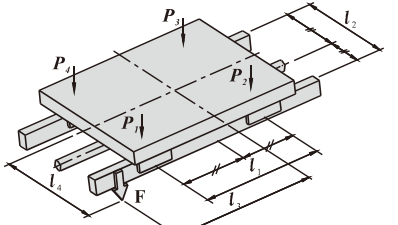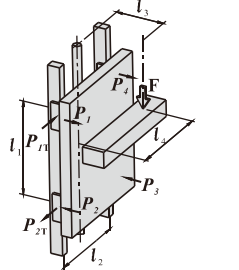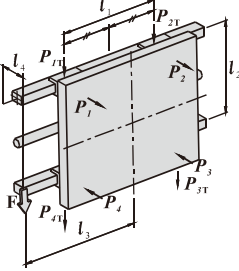L_h : Service life time   (hr)
L : Rated life   (km)
l_s : Stroke length   (m)
n_1 : Rounds per minute   (min^{-1})

Calculation of working load

Load effect on a linear guide will be affected by its center of mass, position of thrust and inertia force occurring by acceleration when starting or stopping, etcetera. Therefore, most applications of working conditions must be put into consideration in order to acquire accurate nominal life.

Working load calculation

| Type	Operation condition	Load on each block
Horizontal use uniform motion Or at rest		$P_1 = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1} - \frac{Fl_4}{2l_2}$ $P_2 = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1} - \frac{Fl_4}{2l_2}$ $P_3 = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1} + \frac{Fl_4}{2l_2}$ $P_4 = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1} + \frac{Fl_4}{2l_2}$
Horizontal cantilever use uniform motion Or at rest		$P_1 = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1} + \frac{Fl_4}{2l_2}$ $P_2 = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1} + \frac{Fl_4}{2l_2}$ $P_3 = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1} - \frac{Fl_4}{2l_2}$ $P_4 = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1} - \frac{Fl_4}{2l_2}$
Vertical use uniform motion Or at rest		$P_1 = P_2 = P_3 = P_4 = \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1}$ $P_{1T} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \frac{Fl_4}{2l_1}$
Wall-mounted use uniform motion Or at rest		$P_1 = P_2 = P_3 = P_4 = \frac{Fl_4}{2l_2}$ $P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{Fl_3}{2l_1}$

Linear Guide Selection

Type	Operation condition	Load on each block
Lateral Slope		$P_1 = \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1} - \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_2} + \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot l_2}$ $P_2 = \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1} - \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_2} + \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot l_2}$ $P_3 = \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1} + \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_2} - \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot l_2}$ $P_4 = \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1} + \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_2} - \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot l_2}$ $P_{1T} = P_{4T} = \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta}{4} + \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta}{4} - \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$
Axial Slope		$P_1 = \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1} - \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_2} + \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_2 = \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1} - \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_2} - \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_3 = \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1} + \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_2} - \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_4 = \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1} + \dfrac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_2} + \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_1}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_{1T} = P_{4T} = + \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = - \dfrac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1}$
Use horizontally with inertial force	 $V(m/s)$ $a_n = \left(\dfrac{V}{t_n}\right)$ Speed-time graph	**When accelerating** $P_1 = P_4 = \dfrac{mg}{4} - \dfrac{m \cdot a_1 \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_2 = P_3 = \dfrac{mg}{4} + \dfrac{m \cdot a_1 \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_{1T} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \dfrac{m \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1}$ **When decelerating** $P_1 = P_4 = \dfrac{mg}{4} + \dfrac{m \cdot a_3 \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_2 = P_3 = \dfrac{mg}{4} - \dfrac{m \cdot a_3 \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_{1T} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \dfrac{m \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1}$ **At constant speed** $P_1 = P_2 = P_3 = P_4 = \dfrac{mg}{4}$
Use Vertically with inertial force	 $V(m/s)$ $a_n = \left(\dfrac{V}{t_n}\right)$ Speed-time graph	**When accelerating** $P_1 = P_2 = P_3 = P_4 = \dfrac{m \cdot (g + a_1) \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_{1T} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \dfrac{m \cdot (g + a_1) \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1}$ **When decelerating** $P_1 = P_2 = P_3 = P_4 = \dfrac{m \cdot (g - a_3) \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_{1T} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \dfrac{m \cdot (g - a_3) \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1}$ **At constant speed** $P_1 = P_2 = P_3 = P_4 = \dfrac{mg \cdot l_3}{2 \cdot l_1}$ $P_{1T} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \dfrac{mg \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1}$

Linear Guide

Linear Guide Selection

Calculation of equivalent load

A block can bear force as well as torque from all axial and radial directions. When multiple loads are applied, these loads can be combined as an equivalent axial and radial load for the calculation of nominal life or static safety factor.

Our linear guide can bear loads in four directions, up, down, left, and right. So when using linear slides, it may be subjected to vertical load (P_R) and lateral load (P_T) at the same time. When two or more linear guides are used, the equivalent load (P_E) can be converted according to the following formula.
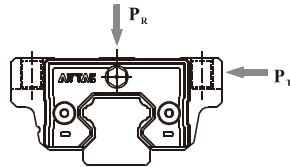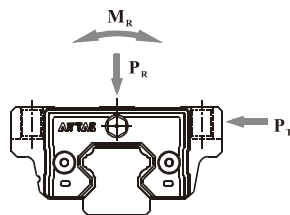

$$P_E = |P_R| + |P_T|$$

P_E : Equivalent load   (N)
P_R : Radial load   (N)
P_T : Lateral load   (N)

In the case of single linear guide, equivalent load must take torque into account, see following formula.

$$P_E = |P_R| + |P_T| + C_0 \frac{|M|}{M_R}$$

P_E : Equivalent load   (N)
P_R : Radial load   (N)
P_T : Lateral load   (N)
C_0 : Basic static load rating   (N)
M : Calculated torque   (N·m)
M_R : Allowable static moment   (N·m)

Calculation of average load

The real-time acting load for a block during movement is always variable. One can derive average load for the use of rated life calculation based on different applications. Average load when rollers are steel ball is as follows:

$$P_m = e\sqrt{\frac{1}{L} \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{n} (P_n^e \cdot L_n)}$$

P_m: Average load   (N)
P_n: Variable load   (N)
L: Total Working Distance   (mm)
L_n: Moving distance when load P_n applied   (mm)
e: Exponent (for steel ball: 3)

Average load calculation example

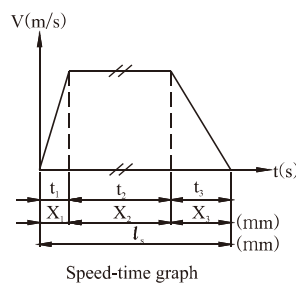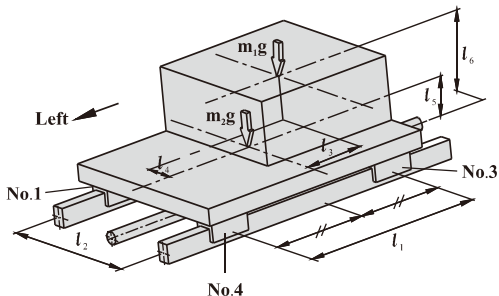| Varying load type	Average load calculation
Interval Variable Load 	$$P_m = e\sqrt{\frac{1}{L} \cdot (P_1^e \cdot L_1 + P_2^e \cdot L_2 + \ldots\ldots + P_n^e \cdot L_n)}$$ P_m: Average load (N) P_n: Variable load (N) L: Total Working Distance (mm) L_n: Moving distance when load P_n applied (mm) e: Exponent (for steel ball: 3)
Monotonic variable load 	$$P_m \approx \frac{1}{3}(P_{min} + 2 \cdot P_{max})$$ P_m: Average load (N) P_{min}: Minimum load (N) P_{max}: Maximum load (N)

Linear Guide

Linear Guide Selection

Varying load type	Average load calculation
Sinusoidal variable load P_{max} P_m load P Total working distance(L)	$P_m \approx 0.65 \cdot P_{max}$ P_m: Average load $\quad\quad (N)$ P_{max}: Maximum load $\quad (N)$
P_{max} P_m load P Total working distance(L)	$P_m \approx 0.75 \cdot P_{max}$ P_m: Average load $\quad\quad (N)$ P_{max}: Maximum load $\quad (N)$

Calculation example

Conditions of Use	Load calculation of each block
Model : $LSH30HL2X2520S20BP\text{-}M6(2\ pcs)$ Basic dynamic load rating : $C=45.7\ KN$ Basic static load rating : $C_0=73.1\ KN$ Mass $\quad m_1=700kg \quad\quad m_2=450kg$ Speed $\quad V=0.75m/s$ Time $\quad t_1=0.05s \quad t_2=1.9s \quad t_3=0.15s$ Acceleration $\quad a_1=15m/s^2 \quad a_3=5m/s^2$ Travel Distance $\quad l_s=1500mm$ Distance $\quad l_1=650mm \quad l_2=450mm \quad l_3=135mm \quad l_4=60mm \quad l_5=175mm \quad l_6=400mm$	At constant speed, the radial load P_n $P_1=\dfrac{m_1 g}{4} - \dfrac{m_1 g \cdot l_3}{2l_1} + \dfrac{m_1 g \cdot l_4}{2l_2} + \dfrac{m_2 g}{4} = 2562N$ $P_2=\dfrac{m_1 g}{4} + \dfrac{m_1 g \cdot l_3}{2l_1} + \dfrac{m_1 g \cdot l_4}{2l_2} + \dfrac{m_2 g}{4} = 3987N$ $P_3=\dfrac{m_1 g}{4} + \dfrac{m_1 g \cdot l_3}{2l_1} - \dfrac{m_1 g \cdot l_4}{2l_2} + \dfrac{m_2 g}{4} = 3073N$ $P_4=\dfrac{m_1 g}{4} - \dfrac{m_1 g \cdot l_3}{2l_1} - \dfrac{m_1 g \cdot l_4}{2l_2} + \dfrac{m_2 g}{4} = 1648N$ Acceleration is toward left, the radial load $P_n la_1$ $P_1 la_1 = P_1 - \dfrac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \dfrac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = -1577N$ $P_2 la_1 = P_2 + \dfrac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \dfrac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 8127N$ $P_3 la_1 = P_3 + \dfrac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \dfrac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 7212N$ $P_4 la_1 = P_4 - \dfrac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \dfrac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = -2492N$ Lateral load $Pt_n la_1$ $Pt_1 la_1 = -\dfrac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -485N$ $Pt_2 la_1 = \dfrac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 485N$ $Pt_3 la_1 = \dfrac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 485N$ $Pt_4 la_1 = -\dfrac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -485N$

Speed-time graph

Linear Guide Selection

Conditions of Use	Load calculation of each block

Conditions of Use

Model : $LSH30HL2X2520S20BP\text{-}M6(2\ pcs)$

Basic dynamic load rating : $C=45.7\ KN$

Basic static load rating : $C_0=73.1\ KN$

Mass $\quad m_1=700kg \qquad m_2=450kg$

Speed $\quad V=0.75m/s$

Time $\quad t_1=0.05s \qquad t_2=1.9s \qquad t_3=0.15s$

Acceleration $\quad a_1=15m/s^2 \qquad a_3=5m/s^2$

Travel Distance $\quad l_s=1500mm$

Distance $\quad l_1$=650mm $\quad l_2$=450mm $\quad l_3$=135mm $\quad l_4$=60mm $\quad l_5$=175mm $\quad l_6$=400mm

Speed-time graph

Load calculation of each block

Deceleration is toward left, the radial load $\quad P_n la_3$

$$P_1 la_3 = P_1 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 3942N$$

$$P_2 la_3 = P_2 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 2607N$$

$$P_3 la_3 = P_3 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 1693N$$

$$P_4 la_3 = P_4 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 3028N$$

Lateral load $\quad Pt_n la_3$

$$Pt_1 la_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 162N$$

$$Pt_2 la_3 = - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -162N$$

$$Pt_3 la_3 = - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -162N$$

$$Pt_4 la_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 162N$$

Acceleration is toward right, the radial load $\quad P_n ra_1$

$$P_1 ra_1 = P_1 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 6702N$$

$$P_2 ra_1 = P_2 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = -152N$$

$$P_3 ra_1 = P_3 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = -1067N$$

$$P_4 ra_1 = P_4 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 5787N$$

Lateral load $\quad Pt_n ra_1$

$$Pt_1 ra_1 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 485N$$

$$Pt_2 ra_1 = - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -485N$$

$$Pt_3 ra_1 = - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -485N$$

$$Pt_4 ra_1 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 485N$$

Deceleration is toward right, the radial load $\quad P_n ra_3$

$$P_1 ra_3 = P_1 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 1183N$$

$$P_2 ra_3 = P_2 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 5367N$$

$$P_3 ra_3 = P_3 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 4452N$$

$$P_4 ra_3 = P_4 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 268N$$

Lateral load $\quad Pt_n ra_3$

$$Pt_1 ra_3 = - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -162N$$

$$Pt_2 ra_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 162N$$

$$Pt_3 ra_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 162N$$

$$Pt_4 ra_3 = - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -162N$$

Equivalent load calculation

At constant speed

$P_{E1} = P_1 = 2562N$

$P_{E2} = P_2 = 3987N$

$P_{E3} = P_3 = 3073N$

$P_{E4} = P_4 = 1648N$

When acceleration is toward left

$P_{E1} la_1 = |P_1 la_1| + |Pt_1 la_1| = 2062N$

$P_{E2} la_1 = |P_2 la_1| + |Pt_2 la_1| = 8611N$

$P_{E3} la_1 = |P_3 la_1| + |Pt_3 la_1| = 7697N$

$P_{E4} la_1 = |P_4 la_1| + |Pt_4 la_1| = 2976N$

Linear Guide Selection

| Conditions of Use | Equivalent load calculation |

Conditions of Use

Model : *LSH30HL2X2520S20BP-M6(2 pcs)*

Basic dynamic load rating : *C=45.7 KN*

Basic static load rating : *C₀=73.1 KN*

Mass $m_1=700kg$ $m_2=450kg$

Speed   *V=0.75m/s*

Time $t_1=0.05s$ $t_2=1.9s$ $t_3=0.15s$

Acceleration $a_1=15m/s^2$ $a_3=5m/s^2$

Travel Distance $l_s=1500mm$

Distance l_1=650mm l_2=450mm l_3=135mm l_4=60mm l_5=175mm l_6=400mm

Speed-time graph

Equivalent load calculation

When deceleration is toward left

$P_{E1}la_3=|P_1la_3|+|Pt_1la_3|= 4104N$

$P_{E2}la_3=|P_2la_3|+|Pt_2la_3|= 2769N$

$P_{E3}la_3=|P_3la_3|+|Pt_3la_3|= 1854N$

$P_{E4}la_3=|P_4la_3|+|Pt_4la_3|= 3189N$

When acceleration is toward right

$P_{E1}ra_1=|P_1ra_1|+|Pt_1ra_1|= 7186N$

$P_{E2}ra_1=|P_2ra_1|+|Pt_2ra_1|= 637N$

$P_{E3}ra_1=|P_3ra_1|+|Pt_3ra_1|= 1551N$

$P_{E4}ra_1=|P_4ra_1|+|Pt_4ra_1|= 6272N$

When deceleration is toward right

$P_{E1}ra_3=|P_1ra_3|+|Pt_1ra_3|= 1344N$

$P_{E2}ra_3=|P_2ra_3|+|Pt_2ra_3|= 5529N$

$P_{E3}ra_3=|P_3ra_3|+|Pt_3ra_3|= 4614N$

$P_{E4}ra_3=|P_4ra_3|+|Pt_4ra_3|= 430N$

Calculation of static safety factor

We now know that the maximum equivalent load occurs on No.2 slider. Therefore, one can calculate static safety factor based on it in following formula

$$f_s=\frac{C_0}{P_{E2}la_1}=\frac{73.1\times10^3}{8611}=8.49$$

Calculation of the average load of each slider P_{mn}

$$P_{m1}=\sqrt[3]{\frac{(P_{E1}la_1^3X_1+P_{E1}^3X_2+P_{E1}la_3^3X_3+P_{E1}ra_1^3X_1+P_{E1}^3X_2+P_{E1}ra_3^3X_3)}{2l_s}}$$
$$=2701N$$

$$P_{m2}=\sqrt[3]{\frac{(P_{E2}la_1^3X_1+P_{E2}^3X_2+P_{E2}la_3^3X_3+P_{E2}ra_1^3X_1+P_{E2}^3X_2+P_{E2}ra_3^3X_3)}{2l_s}}$$
$$=4077N$$

$$P_{m3}=\sqrt[3]{\frac{(P_{E3}la_1^3X_1+P_{E3}^3X_2+P_{E3}la_3^3X_3+P_{E3}ra_1^3X_1+P_{E3}^3X_2+P_{E3}ra_3^3X_3)}{2l_s}}$$
$$=3188N$$

$$P_{m4}=\sqrt[3]{\frac{(P_{E4}la_1^3X_1+P_{E4}^3X_2+P_{E4}la_3^3X_3+P_{E4}ra_1^3X_1+P_{E4}^3X_2+P_{E4}ra_3^3X_3)}{2l_s}}$$
$$=1873N$$

Calculation of rated life L_n

Assuming f_w=1.5 and according to rated life formula, the rated life can be calculated as follows:

$$L_1=(\frac{C}{f_wP_{m1}})^3\times50=71758Km \qquad L_3=(\frac{C}{f_wP_{m3}})^3\times50=43641Km$$

$$L_2=(\frac{C}{f_wP_{m2}})^3\times50=20865Km \qquad L_4=(\frac{C}{f_wP_{m4}})^3\times50=215195Km$$

Calculation conclusion

Choose the minimum from four sliders to represent rated life, which is 20865 Km on No.2 slider

Preload and rigidity

Preload spec can be applied to enhance rigidity. As the graph shows on the right, the effectiveness of preload can maintain until external load reaches 2.8 times of preload strength. In other words, rigidity increases 2.8 times. Preload is applied by choosing bigger diameter of rollers to increase interference between rollers and groove and raise initial loads. Therefore when calculating rated life, preload should be put into consideration.
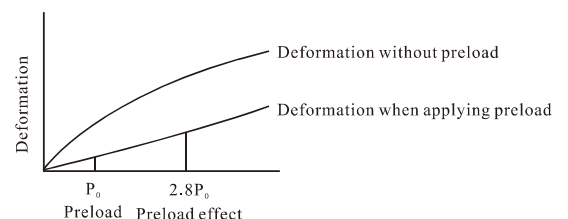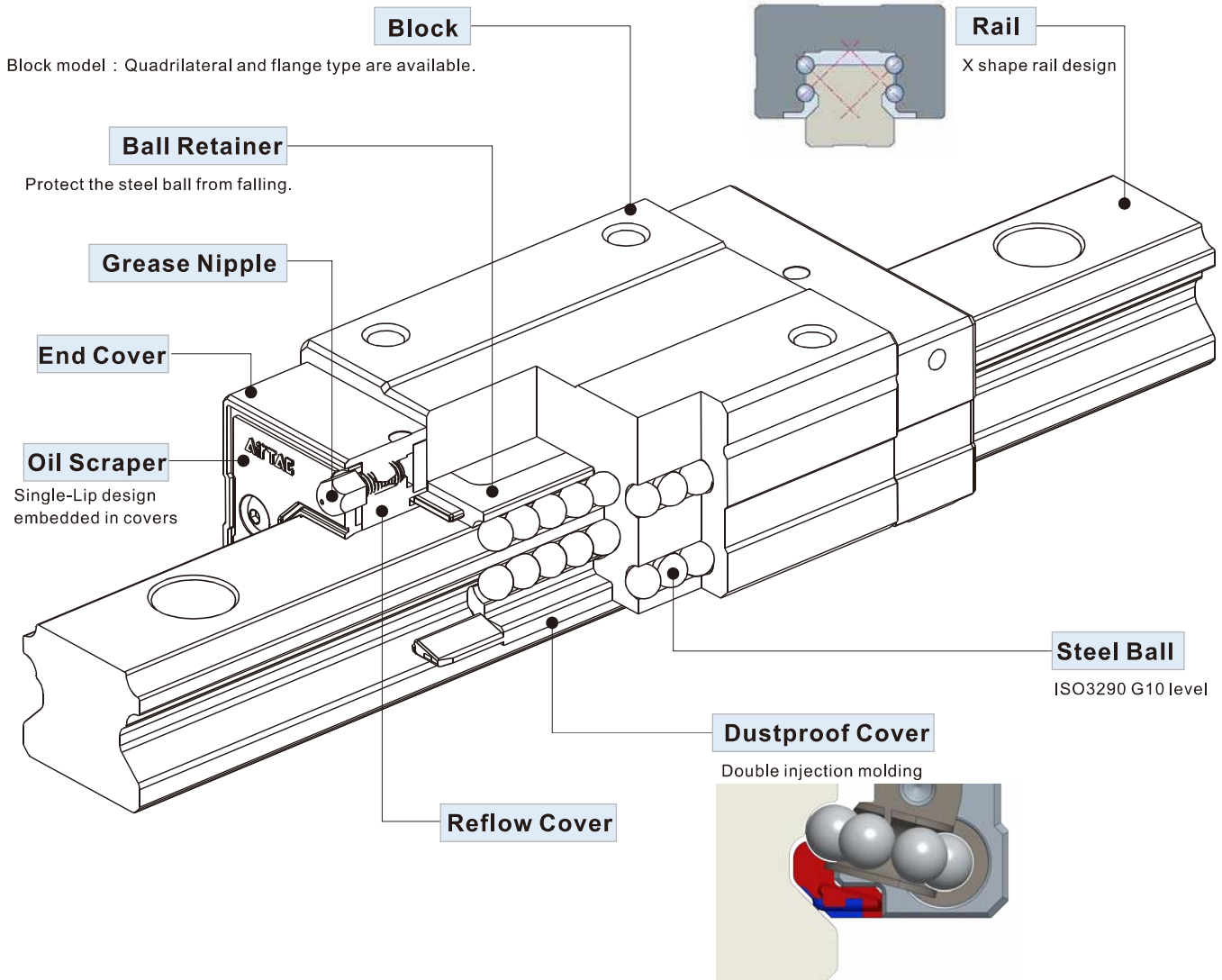
Product Introduction

Block

Block model : Quadrilateral and flange type are available.

Rail

X shape rail design

Ball Retainer

Protect the steel ball from falling.

Grease Nipple

End Cover

Oil Scraper

Single-Lip design
embedded in covers

Steel Ball

ISO3290 G10 level

Dustproof Cover

Double injection molding

Reflow Cover

Product Features

1. With self-adjustment ability

X-shaped (45°-45°) of curved groove on cross section design makes it self-aligning. Even small misalignment exists on the mounting surface, this design can help absorb it and maintain high precision, smooth and stable linear motion.

2. High rigidity, equal load on four direction design

The 45-degree contact angle design of the four rows of steel balls and the raceway allow the steel balls to achieve the ideal two-point contact, and can withstand the action and reaction force from the radial and lateral direction. Meanwhile, pre-load can be applied to increase extra rigidity if necessary.

3. Interchangeable

Because of the strict control on manufacturing process, the dimensional accuracy is stable and within the set tolerance. Besides the ball retainer design can prevent steel balls from falling out. Therefore when assembling, blocks are interchangeable within the same spec and still maintain consistency of pre-load and accuracy.

Order Information(Combined)

LSH 15 H N 1 X220 S20 A H - AM6 - B
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩ ⑪

Standard margin pitch is 20mm,
Customer can define a non-standard margin pitch.

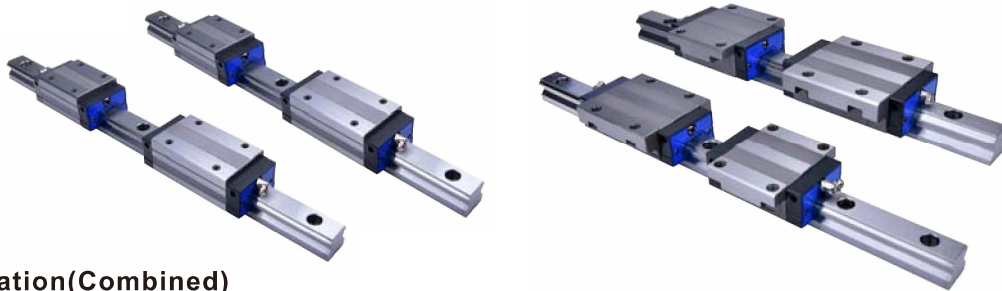| ①Model Code			LSH:Standard Type Linear Guide				
②Rail Width			15:15mm 20:20mm 25:23mm 30:28mm 35:34mm				
③Block Style			H: Square type F1: Flange type, Mounting from top F2: Flange type, Mounting from bottom				
④Block type			N: Standard L: Long [w/o 15 series]				
⑤Number of Block			1: One 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide]				
⑥Length of Rail			220:220mm ....[Defined by customer]				
⑦Position of first mounting hole			S□ : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole (It is recommended to be greater than minimum margin) [Standard margin pitch is 20mm]				
⑧Preload			A: Standard clearance B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload				
⑨Accuracy			N : Normal H : High P : Precision				
⑩Nipple/adapter type	15	M4	M4 Nipple	I type	20 25 30 35	M6	M6 Nipple	I type
		AM6	M4 to M6			A01	M6 to PT1/8	
						AM8	M6 to M8	
		LM6	M4 to M6	L type		L01	M6 to PT1/8	L type
						LM8	M6 to M8	
						SM6	M6 Nipple	
⑪Packing type			Blank: the block and rail are assembled B: block and rail are put separately				

Butt-jointed Order Information

LSH15 H N 1X3920 T 3900 T 3920 A H–AM6–B
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩ ⑪ ⑫ ⑬ ⑭

Note: Number of joints cannot be more than 2 times(three rails at most).
For LSH15/20/25, maximum length of jointed rail is 11800mm. For LSH30/35, it's 11880.
Customization is needed for joint times more than standard.

Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P ,
Position of the first and last hole is defined by customer.

①Model Code			LSH:Standard Type Linear Guide				
②Rail Width			15:15mm 20:20mm 25:23mm 30:28mm 35:34mm				
③Block Style			H: Square type F1: Flange type, Mounting from top F2: Flange type, Mounting from bottom				
④Block type			N: Standard L: Long [W/O15 series]				
⑤Number of Block			1: One 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide]				
⑥Length of first Rail			3920:3920mm ....[Defined by the customer]				
⑦Butt-jointed mark			T: Rail Butt-jointed mark (Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P) [P is the standard hole distance]				
⑧Length of secont Rail			3900:3900mm ....[Defined by the customer]				
⑨Butt-jointed mark			Blank: two rails joint T: Rail Butt-jointed mark (Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P) [P is the standard hole distance]				
⑩Length of third Rail			Blank: two rails joint 3920:3920mm.......[Defined by customer]				
⑪Preload			A: Standard clearance B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload				
⑫Accuracy			N : Normal H : High P : Precision				
⑬Nipple/adapter type	15	M4	M4 Nipple	I type	20 25 30 35	M6	M6 Nipple	I type
		AM6	M4 to M6			A01	M6 to PT1/8	
						AM8	M6 to M8	
		LM6	M4 to M6	L type		L01	M6 to PT1/8	L type
						LM8	M6 to M8	
						SM6	M6 Nipple	
⑭Packing type			Blank: the block and rail are assembled B: block and rail are put separately				

LSH Series

1. Block Order Information

LSH 15 BK - H N - H - E - AM6
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧

Notes: When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the uints preload. details see"preload pairing chart".

①Model Code	LSH:Standard Type Linear Guide				
②Rail Width	15:15mm	20:20mm	25:23mm	30:28mm	35:34mm
③Block Code	BK: Block				
④Block Style	H: Square type F1: Flange type, Mounting from top F2: Flange type, Mounting from bottom				
⑤Block type	N: Standard L: Long [w/o 15 series]				
⑥Accuracy	N : Normal H : High				
⑦Group code	SA C E [Note]				

N: Standard

L: Long

⑧Nipple /adapter type	15	M4	M4 Nipple		20 25 30 35	M6	M6 Nipple	
		AM6	M4 to M6	I type		A01	M6 to PT1/8	I type
						AM8	M6 to M8	
		LM6	M4 to M6	L type		L01	M6 to PT1/8	L type
						LM8	M6 to M8	
						SM6	M6 Nipple	

2. Rail(4m) Order Information

LSH 15 RL X 4000-H - E
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥

①Model Code	LSH:Standard Type Linear Guide
②Rail Width	15:15mm 20:20mm 25:23mm 30:28mm 35:34mm
③Rail Code	RL: Rail
④Rail Length	4000 : 4000mm
⑤Accuracy	N : Normal H : High
⑥Group code	E [Note]

Note: ●Standard length of LSH rail is four meters.
      ●For LSH15/20/25, both margin pitch of rail are 20mm.
      ●For LSH30/35, one side of margin pitch is 20mm, the other side is 60mm.
      ●When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the uints preload.
       details see "preload pairing chart".

3. Rail Order Information

LSH 15 RL X 220-S20 -H- E
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦

①Model Code	LSH:Standard Type Linear Guide
②Rail Width	15:15mm 20:20mm 25:23mm 30:28mm 35:34mm
③Rail Code	RL: Rail
④Rail Length	220:220mm ………….[Defined by the customer]
⑤Position of first mounting hole	S□ : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole (It is recommended to be greater than minimum margin) [Standard margin pitch is 20mm]
⑥Accuracy	N : Normal H : High
⑦Group code	E [Note]

Standard margin pitch is 20mm, Customer can define a non-standard margin pitch.

Note: When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the uints preload. details see "preload pairing chart".

4. Rail/Block preload pairing chart

When customer orders rail/block, please choose the pairing code of rail/block in accordance with the needed preload of linear guide(combined). Details please refer to the "preload pairing chart".

Preload pairing chart		
Preload grade		Rail pairing code
		E
Block pairing code	SA	Medium preload
	C	Light preload
	E	Standard clearance

Standard Type Linear Guide

LSH Series

AirTAC

Accessory Order Code

L - P - AM6

① ② ③

①Accessory Code				L: Linear Guide Accessory				
②Nipple/adapter Code				P: Nipple/adapter				
③Nipple/adapter type	15	M4	M4 Nipple		20 25 30 35	M6	M6 Nipple	I type
		AM6	M4 to M6	I type		A01	M6 to PT1/8	
						AM8	M6 to M8	
		LM6	M4 to M6	L type		L01	M6 to PT1/8	L type
						LM8	M6 to M8	
						SM6	M6 Nipple	

Rail Specification

The edge pitch of first mounting hole (S) and last mounting hole (E) should not be greater than 1/2P. Overlong edge may induce unstable installation and affect the accuracy.

n: Numbers of mounting holes

$L=(n-1)\times P+S+E$

L: Total length of rail(mm)

n: Numbers of mounting holes on rail

P: Distance between bolt holes(mm)

S: Edge of first mounting hole(mm)

E: Edge of last mounting hole(mm)

Model	LSH15	LSH20	LSH25	LSH30	LSH35
Pitch(P)	60	60	60	80	80
Standard Edge Pitch(S)	20	20	20	20	20
Min. Edge Pitch(S/E min)	5	6	7	8	8
Max. Edge Pitch(S/E max)	55	54	53	72	72
Maximum length of rail for standard edge	4000	4000	4000	3960	3960
Maximum length(Lmax)	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000

Note:
- Joint rail must be chosen if length of rail exceeds the maximum.
- When deciding edge pitch, it should be within the range of above table. There would be risk of broken hole if pitch is out of range.
- Maximum length of rail for standard' means the maximum length of rail can be chosen when both sides of edge pitches are standard.

Specifications and Dimensions

Square type
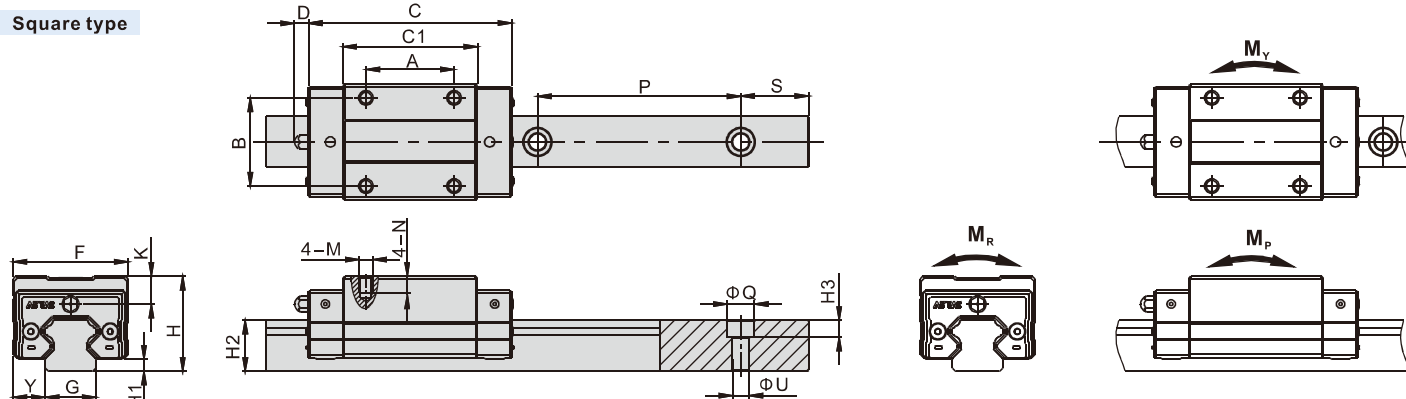
Model\Item	External Dimension (mm)					Block Dimension (mm)							Rail Dimension (mm)						
	H	H1	F	Y	C	C1	A	B	K	D	M	N	G	H2	P	S	ΦQ	ΦU	H3
LSH15HN	28	3.5	34	9.5	60	40	26	26	8.3	6	M4X0.7	5	15	15	60	20	8	4.8	5.3
LSH20HN	30	4.3	44	12	76.5	52	36	32	6.5	12.5	M5X0.8	6	20	17.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSH20HL	30	4.3	44	12	90.5	66	50	32	6.5	12.5	M5X0.8	6	20	17.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSH25HN	40	6.5	48	12.5	83.5	58.5	35	35	10.9	12.5	M6X1.0	8	23	22	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSH25HL	40	6.5	48	12.5	105	80	50	35	10.9	12.5	M6X1.0	8	23	22	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSH30HN	45	6.5	60	16	95.5	70.5	40	40	11	13	M8X1.25	10	28	26	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSH30HL	45	6.5	60	16	118	93	60	40	11	13	M8X1.25	10	28	26	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSH35HN	55	7	70	18	109	80	50	50	16.2	12.5	M8X1.25	12	34	29	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSH35HL	55	7	70	18	134.5	105.5	72	50	16.2	12.5	M8X1.25	12	34	29	80	20	14.2	9	12

Model\Item	Mounting Screw	Dynamic Load Rating(kN)	Static Load Rating(kN)	Static Rated Moment (kN.m)			Weight	
		C	C₀	M_R	M_P	M_Y	Block(kg)	Rail(kg/m)
LSH15HN	M4	11.3	17.9	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.2	1.43
LSH20HN	M5	18.6	28.6	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.33	2.23
LSH20HL	M5	22.2	37.6	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.41	2.23
LSH25HN	M6	26.9	39.4	0.44	0.38	0.38	0.53	3.32
LSH25HL	M6	32.9	53.0	0.58	0.57	0.57	0.7	3.32
LSH30HN	M8	37.4	55.0	0.66	0.67	0.67	0.91	4.5
LSH30HL	M8	45.7	73.1	0.88	0.91	0.91	1.17	4.5
LSH35HN	M8	50.8	72.3	1.05	0.92	0.92	1.26	6.37
LSH35HL	M8	61.9	96.1	1.52	1.45	1.45	1.68	6.37
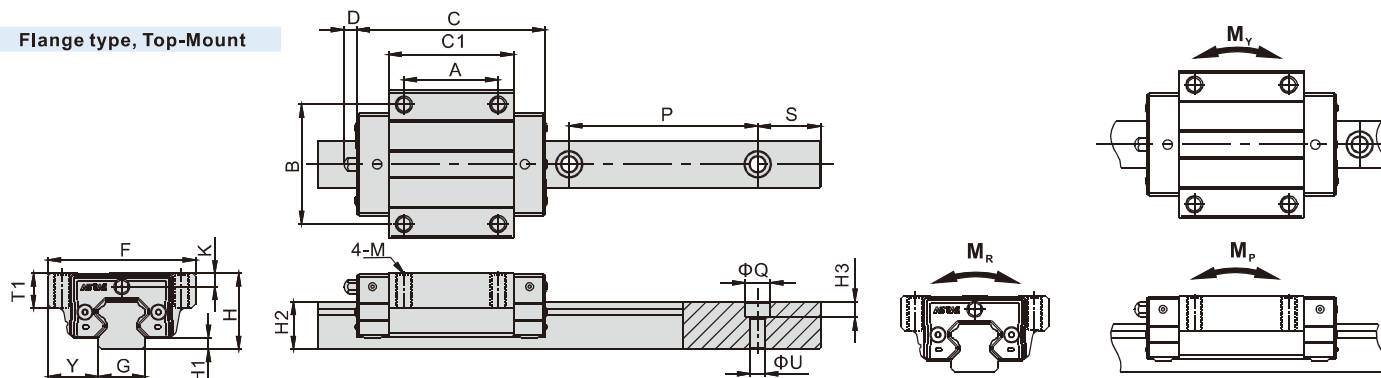
LSH Series

Flange type, Top-Mount

Model\Item	External Dimension (mm)					Block Dimension (mm)							Rail Dimension (mm)						
	H	H1	F	Y	C	C1	A	B	K	D	M	T1	G	H2	P	S	ΦQ	ΦU	H3
LSH15F1N	24	3.5	47	16	60	40	30	38	4.3	6	M5X0.8	11	15	15	60	20	8	4.8	5.3
LSH20F1N	30	4.3	63	21.5	76.5	52	40	53	6.5	12.5	M6X1.0	10	20	17.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSH20F1L	30	4.3	63	21.5	90.5	66	40	53	6.5	12.5	M6X1.0	10	20	17.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSH25F1N	36	6.5	70	23.5	83.5	58.5	45	57	6.9	12.5	M8X1.25	16	23	22	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSH25F1L	36	6.5	70	23.5	105	80	45	57	6.9	12.5	M8X1.25	16	23	22	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSH30F1N	42	6.5	90	31	95.5	70.5	52	72	8	13	M10X1.5	18	28	26	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSH30F1L	42	6.5	90	31	118	93	52	72	8	13	M10X1.5	18	28	26	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSH35F1N	48	7	100	33	109	80	62	82	9.2	12.5	M10X1.5	21	34	29	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSH35F1L	48	7	100	33	134.5	105.5	62	82	9.2	12.5	M10X1.5	21	34	29	80	20	14.2	9	12

Model\Item	Mounting Screw	Dynamic Load Rating(kN)	Static Load Rating(kN)	Static Rated Moment (kN.m)			Weight	
		C	C0	MR	MP	MY	Block(kg)	Rail(kg/m)
LSH15F1N	M4	11.3	17.9	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.2	1.43
LSH20F1N	M5	18.6	28.6	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.40	2.23
LSH20F1L	M5	22.2	37.6	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.8	2.23
LSH25F1N	M6	26.9	39.4	0.44	0.38	0.38	0.59	3.32
LSH25F1L	M6	32.9	53.0	0.58	0.57	0.57	0.85	3.32
LSH30F1N	M8	37.4	55.0	0.66	0.67	0.67	1.09	4.5
LSH30F1L	M8	45.7	73.1	0.88	0.91	0.91	1.38	4.5
LSH35F1N	M8	50.8	72.3	1.05	0.92	0.92	1.32	6.37
LSH35F1L	M8	61.9	96.1	1.52	1.45	1.45	1.8	6.37

Flange type, Bottom-Mount
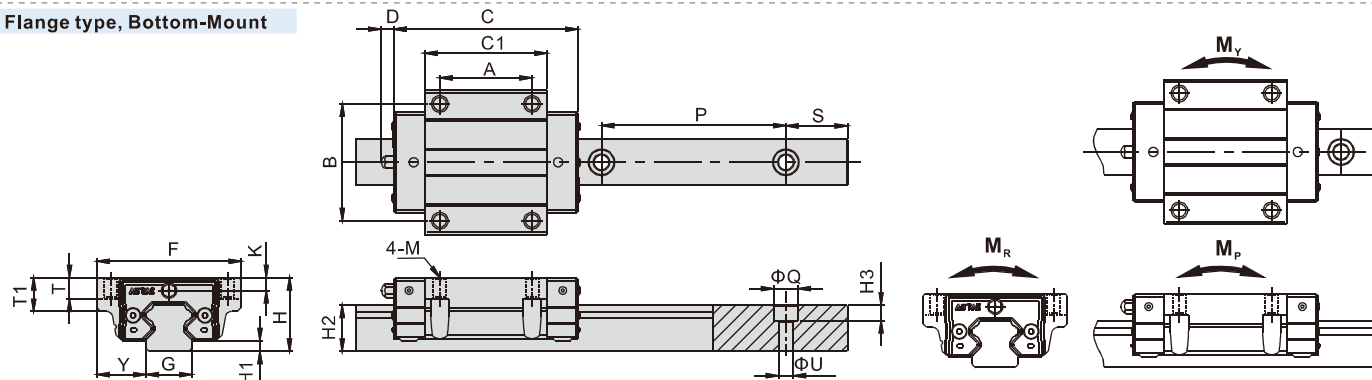
Model\Item	External Dimension (mm)					Block Dimension (mm)								Rail Dimension (mm)						
	H	H1	F	Y	C	C1	A	B	K	D	M	T	T1	G	H2	P	S	ΦQ	ΦU	H3
LSH15F2N	24	3.5	47	16	60	40	30	38	4.3	6		7	11	15	15	60	20	8	4.8	5.3
LSH20F2N	30	4.3	63	21.5	76.5	52	40	53	6.5	12.5	Φ5.7	9.5	10	20	17.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSH20F2L	30	4.3	63	21.5	90.5	66	40	53	6.5	12.5	Φ5.7	9.5	10	20	17.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSH25F2N	36	6.5	70	23.5	83.5	58.5	45	57	6.9	12.5	Φ6.8	10	16	23	22	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSH25F2L	36	6.5	70	23.5	105	80	45	57	6.9	12.5	Φ6.8	10	16	23	22	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSH30F2N	42	6.5	90	31	95.5	70.5	52	72	8	13	Φ9	10	18	28	26	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSH30F2L	42	6.5	90	31	118	93	52	72	8	13	Φ9	10	18	28	26	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSH35F2N	48	7	100	33	109	80	62	82	9.2	12.5	Φ9	13	21	34	29	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSH35F2L	48	7	100	33	134.5	105.5	62	82	9.2	12.5	Φ9	13	21	34	29	80	20	14.2	9	12

Model\Item	Mounting Screw	Dynamic Load Rating(kN)	Static Load Rating(kN)	Static Rated Moment (kN.m)			Weight	
		C	C0	MR	MP	MY	Block(kg)	Rail(kg/m)
LSH15F2N	M4	11.3	17.9	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.2	1.43
LSH20F2N	M5	18.6	28.6	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.40	2.23
LSH20F2L	M5	22.2	37.6	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.8	2.23
LSH25F2N	M6	26.9	39.4	0.44	0.38	0.38	0.59	3.32
LSH25F2L	M6	32.9	53.0	0.58	0.57	0.57	0.85	3.32
LSH30F2N	M8	37.4	55.0	0.66	0.67	0.67	1.09	4.5
LSH30F2L	M8	45.7	73.1	0.88	0.91	0.91	1.38	4.5
LSH35F2N	M8	50.8	72.3	1.05	0.92	0.92	1.32	6.37
LSH35F2L	M8	61.9	96.1	1.52	1.45	1.45	1.8	6.37

Standard Type Linear Guide
LSH Series

Accuracy

LSH standard type linear guide comes with 3 accuracy levels.

The identification line of the Datum

Accuracy Standards						(mm)
Accuracy		N : Normal		H: High		P:Precision
Model		15/20	25/30/35	15/20	25/30/35	15/20	25/30/35
Tolerance of height H	±0.1		±0.03	±0.04	±0.015	±0.02
Variation of height ΔH	0.02	0.025	0.01	0.015	0.006	0.007
Tolerance of width Y	±0.1		±0.03	±0.04	±0.015	±0.02
Variation of width ΔY	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.015	0.006	0.007
Parallelism of C-surface relative to A-surface	Parallelism of raceway (Refer to Table 1)					
Parallelism of D-surface relative to B-surface	Parallelism of raceway (Refer to Table 1)					

Table 1 : Parallelism of the raceway

Accuracy Rail Length(mm)	Parallelism of the raceway(μm)		
	N	H	P
100 under	12	7	3
100~200	14	9	4
200~300	15	10	5
300~500	17	12	6
500~700	20	13	7
700~900	22	15	8
900~1100	24	16	9
1100~1500	26	18	11
1500~1900	28	20	13
1900~2500	31	22	15
2500~3100	33	25	18
3100~3600	36	27	20
3600~4000	37	28	21

Preload Level

1. Preload interference

The LSH standard type Linear Guide has three preload categories: A ,B and C.

Choosing suitable preload level will enhance rigidity, precision and torsion resistant performace of the linear guide.

Radial interference
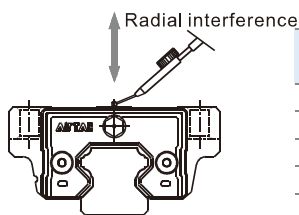
Model	Radial interference(μm)		
	Standard clearance(A)	Light Preload(B)	Medium Preload(C)
LSH15	−4~+2	−12~−4	−22~−14
LSH20	−5~+2	−13~−5	−23~−15
LSH25	−6~+2	−14~−6	−24~−16
LSH30	−7~+2	−16~−7	−26~−17
LSH35	−8~+2	−18~−8	−28~−18

2. Common Application

Refer to following table for suitable application of different preload grade:

| Preload grade	Requirement	Common Application
Standard clearance(A)	One axial movement, small vibration and impact, accuracy requirement is low	Conveyor Machine, Semiconductor Equipment, Stage Equipment, Press Machine, Welding Machine and other light movement equipments
Light Preload(B)	Equipment that requires light-load and high-precision.	Z-axis movement for industrial use, NC lathe, EDM, Precision XY platform, Vertical machine center, measurement instrument, material feeder or industrial robot
Medium Preload(C)	Equipment that requires high rigidity, large vibration and shock.	Machining centers, NC lathes, grinders, vertical or horizontal milling machines, boring machines, tool guides, heavy cutting machines.

LSH Series

Installation Illustration

1. Allowable tolerance of mounting surface

LSH series is an arc-shape, two-point contact design of linear guide. Its self-centering feature allows some tolerance on mounting surface without affecting the smoothness of linear motion. The allowable tolerance is indicated in following table:
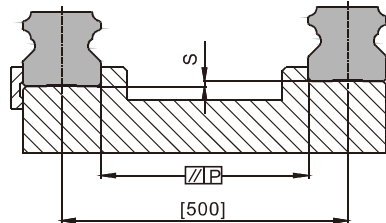
Model	Allowable tolerance of parallelism P(µm)			Allowable tolerance of top and bottom S (µm)		
	Standard clearance(A)	Light Preload(B)	Medium Preload(C)	Standard clearance(A)	Light Preload(B)	Medium Preload(C)
LSH15	25	18	13	130	85	35
LSH20	25	20	18	130	85	50
LSH25	30	22	20	130	85	70
LSH30	40	30	27	170	110	90
LSH35	50	35	30	210	150	120

Note: The value in the table is the allowable value when the distance between the two linear guides is 500mm, and the allowable value is proportional to the distance between the two linear guides.

2. Height and Chamfer of Reference Edge

In order to ensure accurate installation of LSH Linear Guide, the contact space should not exceed the given figures in following table.
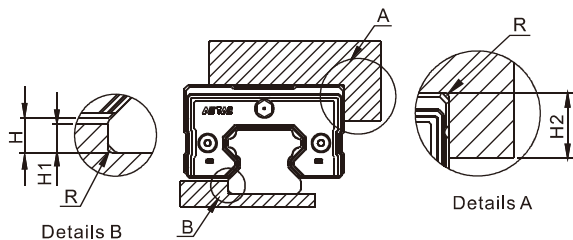
Unit : mm

Model	H	H1	H2	R(Max)
LSH15	3.5	3	4	0.5
LSH20	4.3	3.5	5	0.5
LSH25	6.5	5	5	1
LSH30	6.5	5	5	1
LSH35	7	6	6	1

3. Screw Tighten Torque

When installing linear guide, whether the screws are well tighten and surface is well contacted will affect accuracy significantly. Please refer to following table for tightening force to ensure a perfect installation.

Model	Screw size	Tighten Torque(N.cm)		
		Iron	Casting	Aluminum alloy
LSH15	M4	412	274	206
LSH20	M5	882	588	441
LSH25	M6	1370	921	686
LSH30	M8	3040	2010	1470
LSH35	M8	3040	2010	1470

4. Datum plane

• Datum plane for installation must be ground or finely milled to ensure accuracy.

• Both sides of Rail can be used as the datum plane.

• For multi-blocks on a rail, identification line on blocks should be put on the same side to ensure moving accuracy.

Identification line of datum surface

Rail Butt-jointed

• When jointing rails, it must follow group marks on rail to ensure the accuracy of linear guide. These marks are located on the top surface at joint side. Please put the same group marks together.

Butt-jointed mark

• Be aware serial number of group mark when assemble. A001 and B001 are in a group, so as to A002 and B002 and so on.

• Be aware the installation direction while assembly, the serial numbers are not upside down and arrows point to each other.

LSH Series

AirTAC

Lubrication method

When a linear guide is well lubricated, it can reduce wear and increase lifespan significantly. Lubrication has the following benefits :

- Reduces friction of the rollers and raceway to minimize wear.
- The grease film between contact surface can prevent roller fatigue.
- Prevent rust.

1. Lubrication Grease

Use the correct grade of lubrication. While lubricating, a grease gun can be used to pump grease into slider through the grease nipple on it.
The suitable condition for lube is when working speed is under 60 m/min and not in cooling process.

- **Nipple type**

	L-P-M4	L-P-M6	L-P-SM6
Grease nipple type	LSH15	LSH20 LSH25 LSH30 LSH35	LSH20 LSH25 LSH30 LSH35

- **Grease amount**

LSH series linear guide is well lubricated with 'Shell Alvania grease S2' in factory. Customers are recommended to use identical or the same grade of lubricant. After lubrication, block needs to be moved back and forth at least three times for the length of three blocks and repeat at least twice.
Check if the surface of rail is well covered by grease film.

Model	Grease amount for the first lubrication(cm^3)		Replenishment amount(cm^3)	
	Standard type	Long type	Standard type	Long type
LSH15	0.9	-	0.3	-
LSH20	1.8	2.7	0.6	0.9
LSH25	3.6	4.5	1.1	1.4
LSH30	5.4	7.2	1.7	2.2
LSH35	8.1	10	2.5	3

- **Lubrication frequency**

Although the linear guides are well lubricated at the factory and retains grease well, frequent lubrication is still necessary to avoid undesirable wear.
Recommended lubrication period is every 100km of movement or every 3~6 months.
(Refer to table on the top for suggested amount)

2. Lubricating oil

Recommended oil viscosity for lubrication use is about 30 to 150 cst.
Lubrication oil is suitable for all kinds of load and impact application, but not for high temperature use due to its tendency of vaporization.

- **Adaptor**

L-P-AM6	L-P-AM8	L-P-A01
LSH15	LSH35 LSH30 LSH25 LSH20	LSH35 LSH30 LSH25 LSH20

L-P-LM6	L-P-LM8	L-P-L01
LSH15	LSH35 LSH30 LSH25 LSH20	LSH35 LSH30 LSH25 LSH20

Note: After installation, the top surface of adaptor may be higher than block. Be careful about the interference while moving.
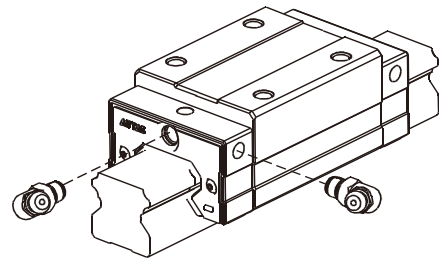
LSH Series

Lubrication method

- **Oil supply rate**

Loss of lubrication oil is faster than lubrication grease. Pay attention to sufficiency of oil while using.

Model	Oil amount for the first lubrication(cm³)	Feeding Speed(cm³/hr)
LSH15	0.6	0.2
LSH20	0.6	0.2
LSH25	0.9	0.3
LSH30	0.9	0.3
LSH35	0.9	0.3

3. Grease nipple/adaptor installation

- Grease nipple or adaptor can be installed in the two sides of block for manual or automatic lubrication based on customer's requirement.
- There are a secondary set of lubricating ports on the side of the block. When using, it is not recommended to use the side with datum line unless necessary.
- Lateral nipple installation is not recommended for flange type blocks. (The grease / oil nipple may interfere with block)
- If lateral lubrication is needed for above spec, please contact us for customization.
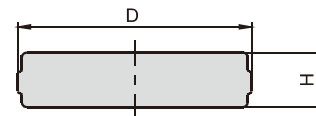
Bolt hole plug

1. Plug type

In order to prevent metal swarf or external objects from entering blocks and affecting precision and lifespan, customers must put plugs into holes during installation. Every rail is equipped with default plugs.

Model	Bolt	Diameter(D)(mm)	Thickness(H)(mm)
LSH15	M4	8.15	1.1
LSH20	M5	9.65	2.5
LSH25	M6	11.4	2.5
LSH30	M8	14.4	3.5
LSH35	M8	14.4	3.5

2. Plug installation Steps
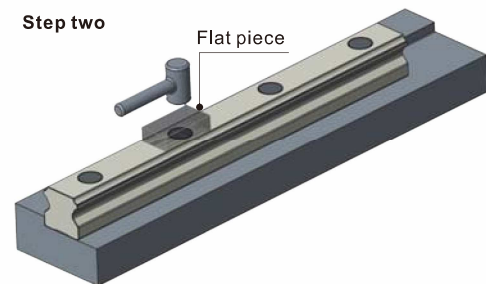
Step one

Plug

Place the plug in counterbore.

Step two

Flat piece

Place the flat piece on mounting hole, hit the piece vertically with a plastic hammer and fix the plug into counterbore.

Note：

- Please make sure the plugs do not protrude the rail surface.
- After installation, please clean the surface before use.
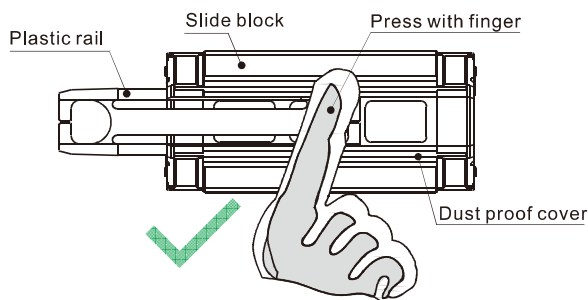
LSH Series

Precautions on use

1. Block disassembly

With ball retainers and a dustproof cover, normally the balls are prevented from falling out when block is removed from rail.

However, if obliquely insert rail into blocks or quickly assembled or disassembled, there is a risk for balls of falling out.

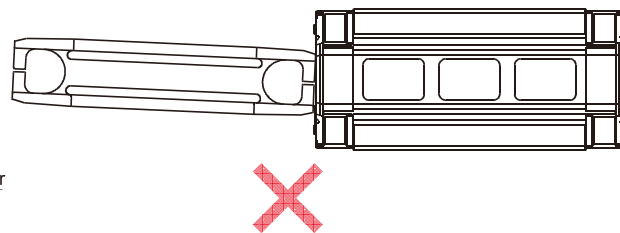Please carefully assemble the linear guide or use plastic rails to assist.
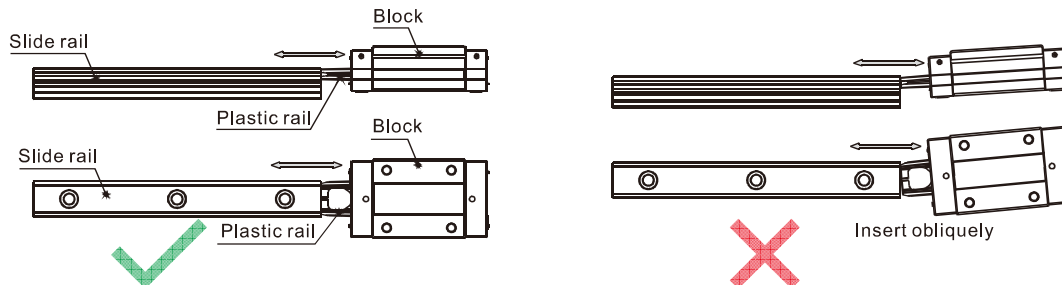
2. Plastic rail installation

A plastic rail is equipped for individual block set. Please do not remove plastic rail whenever it is not necessary.

If plastic rail falls out and needs to be reinstalled, press the dustproof covers with fingers and install slowly to prevent balls from falling out due to misalignment of plastic rail.

Press the dust-proof covers and insert plastic rail in alignment.

Without pressing dust-proof covers or insert plastic rail obliquely.

3. Caution

● Parts may slide out if linear guide is put unevenly. Please be careful.

● Hitting or dropping linear guide could have huge effect on accuracy and lifespan even though appearance may remain intact. Please be careful.

● Do not dissemble linear guide as external objects may enter blocks and cause accuracy problem.

4. Lubrication

● Linear guide have been treated with anti-rust oil during production. Before use, wipe the rail and treat it with lubrication.

● Do not mix lubricating oil (grease) with different properties.

●After lubrication, move block back and forth for the length of three blocks long and repeat at least 2 times to ensure there is a grease file on rail.

5. Use

● The operating environment temperature should not exceed 80℃, and the maximum temperature should not exceed 100℃.

● Do not separate blocks from rail whenever it is not necessary. If you need to separate them, please use plastic rails to prevent steel balls from falling out.
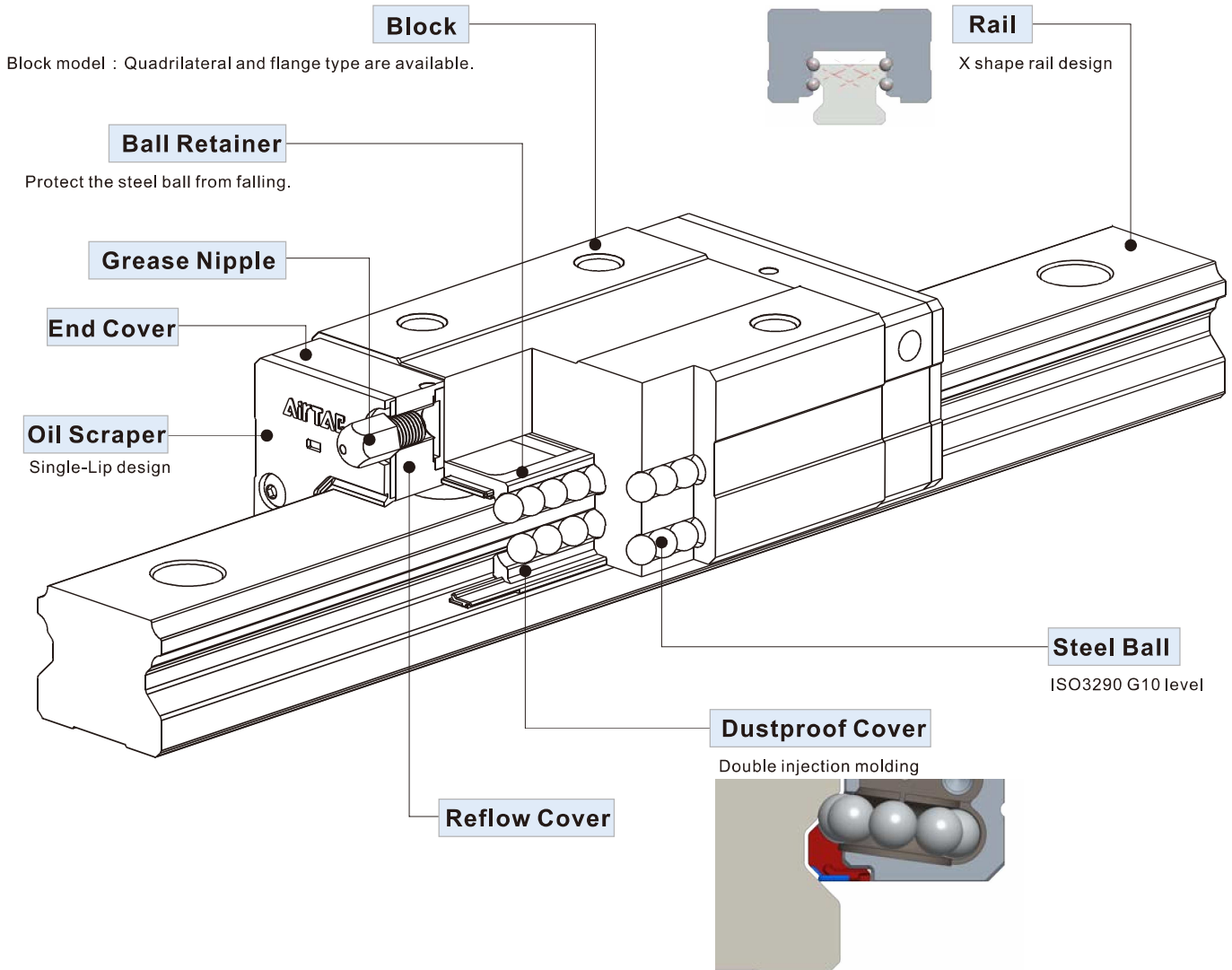
6. Storage

● When storing blocks, rails or linear guide set, please be sure that anti-rust oil is well applied and product is well sealed as well as placed horizontally. Avoid humidity and high temperatures environment.

Product Introduction

Block

Block model：Quadrilateral and flange type are available.

Rail

X shape rail design

Ball Retainer

Protect the steel ball from falling.

Grease Nipple

End Cover

Oil Scraper

Single-Lip design

Steel Ball

ISO3290 G10 level

Dustproof Cover

Double injection molding

Reflow Cover

Product Features

1. With self-adjustment ability

X-shaped (45°-45°) of curved groove on cross section design makes it self-aligning. Even small misalignment exists on the mounting surface,

this design can help absorb it and maintain high precision, smooth and stable linear motion.

2. Low profile, High rigidity, equal load on four direction design

The 45-degree contact angle design of the four rows of steel balls and the raceway allow the steel balls to achieve the ideal two-point contact,

and can withstand the action and reaction force from the radial and lateral direction. Meanwhile, pre-load can be applied to increase extra rigidity if necessary.

Reduce the combined height of the slide block and the slide rail, shorten the length of the slide block, to achieve miniaturization.
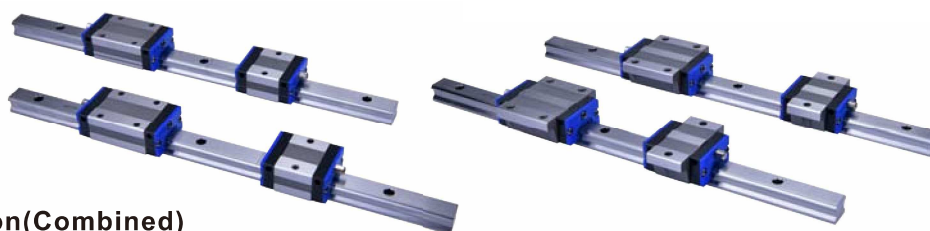
3. Interchangeable

Because of the strict control on manufacturing process, the dimensional accuracy is stable and within the set tolerance.

Besides, the ball retainer design can prevent steel balls from falling out. Therefore when assembling, blocks are interchangeable within the same spec and

still maintain consistency of pre-load and accuracy.

Order Information(Combined)

1、LSD15/30

LSD 15 H N 1 X220 S20 A H - U - AM6 - B
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩ ⑪ ⑫

Standard margin pitch is 20mm.
Customer can define a
non-standard margin pitch.

① Model Code	LSD:Low Profile Type Linear Guide			
② Rail Width	15:15mm 30:28mm			
③ Block Style	H: Square type F1: Flange type, Mounting from top F2: Flange type, Mounting from bottom			
④ Block type	S: Short N: Standard			
⑤ Number of Block	1: One 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide]			
⑥ Length of Rail	220:220mm ....[Defined by customer]			
⑦ Position of first mounting hole	S□ : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole (It is recommended to be greater than minimum margin) [Standard margin pitch is 20mm]			
⑧ Preload	A: Standard clearance B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload			
⑨ Accuracy	N : Normal H : High P : Precision			
⑩ Rail type	LSD15:Blank: Top-mount(M4)		LSD15:U: Top-mount(M3)	
	LSD30:Blank: Top-mount(M6)		LSD30:U: Top-mount(M8)	
	LSD15 Φ8 Φ4.8 5.3	LSD30 Φ11.2 Φ7 9	LSD15 Φ6 Φ3.5 4.5	LSD30 Φ14.2 Φ9 12
⑪ Nipple/adapter type	LSD15: M4: M4 Nipple LSD30: M6: M6 Nipple	LSD15: AM6: M4 to M6 LSD30: A01: M6 to PT1/8 LSD30: AM8: M6 to M8	LSD15: LM6: M4 to M6 LSD30: L01: M6 to PT1/8 LSD30: LM8: M6 to M8	LSD30: SM6: M6 Nipple
	M4 M6	I type	L type	SM6
⑫ Packing type	Blank: the block and rail are assembled B: block and rail are put separately			

2、LSD20/25/35

LSD 20 H N 1 X220 S20 A H - AM8 - B
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩ ⑪

Standard margin pitch is 20mm.
Customer can define a
non-standard margin pitch.

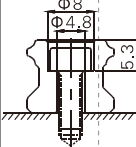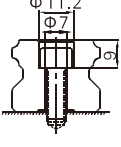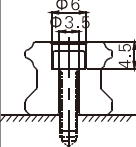| ① Model Code	LSD:Low Profile Type Linear Guide			
② Rail Width	20:20mm 25:23mm 35:34mm			
③ Block Style	H: Square type F1: Flange type, Mounting from top F2: Flange type, Mounting from bottom			
④ Block type	S: Short N: Standard			
⑤ Number of Block	1: One 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide]			
⑥ Length of Rail	220:220mm ....[Defined by customer]			
⑦ Position of first mounting hole	S□ : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole (It is recommended to be greater than minimum margin) [Standard margin pitch is 20mm]			
⑧ Preload	A: Standard clearance B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload			
⑨ Accuracy	N : Normal H : High P : Precision			
⑩ Nipple/adapter type	M6:M6 Nipple	A01:M6 to PT1/8 AM8:M6 to M8	L01:M6 to PT1/8 LM8:M6 to M8	SM6: M6 Nipple
		I type	L type	SM6
⑪ Packing type	Blank: the block and rail are assembled B: block and rail are put separately			

LSD Series

Butt-jointed Order Information
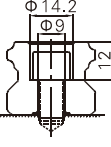
1、LSD15/30

LSD 15 H N 1 X3920 T 3900 T 3920 A H-U-AM6-B
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩ ⑪ ⑫ ⑬ ⑭ ⑮

Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P ,
Position of the first and last
hole is defined by customer.

Note: Number of joints cannot be more than 2 times(three rails at most).
For LSD15, maximum length of jointed rail is 11800mm. For LSD30, it's 11880.
Customization is needed for joint times more than standard.

①Model Code	LSD:Low Profile Type Linear Guide	
②Rail Width	15:15mm 30:28mm	
③Block Style	H: Square type F1: Flange type, Mounting from top F2: Flange type, Mounting from bottom	
④Block type	S: Short N: Standard	
⑤Number of Block	1: One 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide]	
⑥Length of first Rail	3920:3920mm ....[Defined by customer]	
⑦Butt-jointed mark	T: Rail Butt-jointed mark(Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P) [P is the standard hole distance]	
⑧Length of secont Rail	3900:3900mm ....[Defined by customer]	
⑨Butt-jointed mark	Blank: two rails joint T: Rail Butt-jointed mark (Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P) [P is the standard hole distance]	
⑩Length of third Rail	Blank: two rails joint 3920:3920mm..[Defined by the customer]	
⑪Preload	A: Standard clearance B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload	
⑫Accuracy	N : Normal H : High P : Precision	
⑬Rail type	LSD15:Blank: Top-mount(M4) LSD15:U: Top-mount(M3) LSD30:Blank: Top-mount(M6) LSD30:U: Top-mount(M8)	
⑭Nipple/adapter type	LSD15: M4: M4 Nipple LSD15: AM6: M4 to M6 LSD15: LM6: M4 to M6 LSD30: M6: M6 Nipple LSD30: A01: M6 to PT1/8 LSD30: L01: M6 to PT1/8 LSD30: AM8: M6 to M8 LSD30: LM8: M6 to M8 LSD30: SM6: M6 Nipple M4 M6 I type L type SM6	
⑮Packing type	Blank: the block and rail are assembled B: block and rail are put separately	

2、LSD20/25/35

LSD 20 H N 1X3920 T 3900 T 3920 A H-AM8-B
① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩ ⑪ ⑫ ⑬ ⑭

Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P ,
Position of the first and last
hole is defined by customer.

Note: Number of joints cannot be more than 2 times(three rails at most).
For LSD20/25, maximum length of jointed rail is 11800mm. For LSD35, it's 11880.
Customization is needed for joint times more than standard.

①Model Code	LSD:Low Profile Type Linear Guide
②Rail Width	20:20mm 25:23mm 35:34mm
③Block Style	H: Square type F1: Flange type, Mounting from top F2: Flange type, Mounting from bottom
④Block type	S: Short N: Standard
⑤Number of Block	1: One 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide]
⑥Length of first Rail	3920:3920mm ....[Defined by customer]
⑦Butt-jointed mark	T: Rail Butt-jointed mark (Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P) [P is the standard hole distance]
⑧Length of secont Rail	3900:3900mm ....[Defined by customer]
⑨Butt-jointed mark	Blank: two rails joint T: Rail Butt-jointed mark (Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P) [P is the standard hole distance]
⑩Length of third Rail	Blank: two rails joint 3920:3920mm..[Defined by the customer]
⑪Preload	A: Standard clearance B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload
⑫Accuracy	N : Normal H : High P : Precision
⑬Nipple/adapter type	M6: M6 Nipple A01: M6 to PT1/8 L01: M6 to PT1/8 SM6: M6 Nipple AM8: M6 to M8 LM8: M6 to M8 I type L type SM6
⑭Packing type	Blank: the block and rail are assembled B: block and rail are put separately

LSD Series

1. Block Order Information

LSD 15 BK - H N - H - E - AM6

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧

Notes: When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

①Model Code	LSD:Low Profile Type Linear Guide				
②Rail Width	15:15mm	20:20mm	25:23mm	30:28mm	35:34mm
③Block Code	BK: Block				
④Block Style	H: Square type F1: Flange type, Mounting from top F2: Flange type, Mounting from bottom				
⑤Block type	S: Short N: Standard				
⑥Accuracy	N : Normal H : High				
⑦Group code	SA C E [Note]				

S: Short

N: Standard

⑧Nipple /adapter type	15	M4	M4 Nipple		20 25 30 35	M6	M6 Nipple	I type
		AM6	M4 to M6	I type		A01	M6 to PT1/8	
						AM8	M6 to M8	
		LM6	M4 to M6	L type		L01	M6 to PT1/8	L type
						LM8	M6 to M8	
						SM6	M6 Nipple	

2. Rail(4m) Order Information

(1) LSD15/30

LSD 15 RL X 4000 - H - E - U

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦

①Model Code	LSD:Low Profile Type Linear Guide	
②Rail Width	15:15mm 30:28mm	
③Rail Code	RL: Rail	
④Rail Length	4000 : 4000mm	
⑤Accuracy	N : Normal H : High	
⑥Group code	E [Note]	
⑦Rail type	LSD15:Blank: Top-mount(M4)	LSD15:U: Top-mount(M3)
	LSD30:Blank: Top-mount(M6)	LSD30:U: Top-mount(M8)
	LSD15 Φ8 Φ4.8 5.3 LSD30 Φ11.2 Φ7 9	LSD15 Φ6 Φ3.5 4.5 LSD30 Φ14.2 Φ9 12
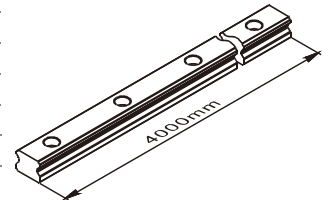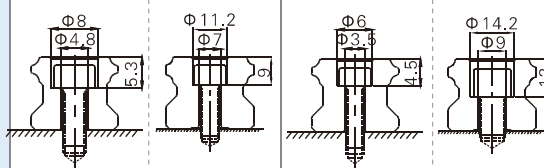
Note: ●Standard length of LSD rail is four meters.

●For LSD15, both margin pitch of rail are 20mm. For LSD30, one side of margin pitch is 20mm, the other side is 60mm.

●When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

(2) LSD20/25/35

LSD 20 RL X 4000- H -E

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥

①Model Code	LSD:Low Profile Type Linear Guide
②Rail Width	20:20mm 25:23mm 35:34mm
③Rail Code	RL: Rail
④Rail Length	4000 : 4000mm
⑤Accuracy	N : Normal H : High
⑥Group Code	E [Note]

Note: ●Standard length of LSD rail is four meters.

●For LSD20/25, both margin pitch of rail are 20mm.

●For LSD35, one side of margin pitch is 20mm, the other side is 60mm.

●When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

AirTAC

3. Rail Order Information

(1) LSD15/30

LSD	15	RL	X	220-S20 -	H -	E	- U
①	②③		④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧

①**Model Code**	LSD:Low Profile Type Linear Guide	
②**Rail Width**	15:15mm 30:28mm	
③**Rail Code**	RL: Rail	
④**Rail Length**	220:220mm ....[Defined by customer]	
⑤**Position of first mounting hole**	S□ : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole (It is recommended to be greater than minimum margin) [Standard margin pitch is 20mm]	
⑥**Accuracy**	N : Normal H : High	
⑦**Group code**	E [Note]	
⑧**Rail type**	LSD15:Blank: Top-mount(M4) LSD15:U: Top-mount(M3)	
	LSD30:Blank: Top-mount(M6) LSD30:U: Top-mount(M8)	

Standard margin pitch is 20mm. Customer can define a non-standard margin pitch.

LSD15 Φ8/Φ4.8/5.3   LSD30 Φ11.2/Φ7/9   LSD15 Φ6/Φ3.5/4.5   LSD30 Φ14.2/Φ9/12

Note:When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

(2) LSD20/25/35

LSD	20	RL	X	220 -	S20	- H -	E
①	②③		④	⑤	⑥	⑦	

①**Model Code**	LSD:Low Profile Type Linear Guide	
②**Rail Width**	20:20mm 25:23mm 35:34mm	
③**Rail Code**	RL: Rail	
④**Rail Length**	220:220mm ....[Defined by customer]	
⑤**Position of first mounting hole**	S□ : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole (It is recommended to be greater than minimum margin) [Standard margin pitch is 20mm]	
⑥**Accuracy**	N : Normal H : High	
⑦**Group code**	E [Note]	

Standard margin pitch is 20mm. Customer can define a non-standard margin pitch.
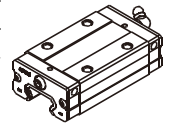
Note:When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

4. Rail/Block preload pairing chart

When customer orders rail/block, please choose the pairing code of rail/block in accordance with the needed preload of linear guide(combined). Details please refer to the "preload pairing chart".

Preload pairing chart		
Preload grade	Rail pairing code	
	E	
Block pairing code	SA	Medium preload
	C	Light preload
	E	Standard clearance

Low Profile Type Linear Guide

LSD Series

AirTAC

Accessory Order Code

```
L - P - AM6
① ② ③
```

①Accessory Code	L: Linear Guide Accessory		
②Nipple/adapter Code	P: Nipple/adapter		

③Nipple/adapter type	15	M4	M4 Nipple		20 25 30 35	M6	M6 Nipple	
		AM6	M4 to M6	I type		A01	M6 to PT1/8	I type
						AM8	M6 to M8	
		LM6	M4 to M6	L type		L01	M6 to PT1/8	L type
						LM8	M6 to M8	
						SM6	M6 Nipple	

Rail Specification

The edge pitch of first mounting hole (S) and last mounting hole (E) should not be greater than 1/2P. Overlong edge may induce unstable installation and affect the accuracy.
n: Numbers of mounting holes

$L=(n-1)×P+S+E$
L: Total length of rail(mm)
n: Numbers of mounting holes on rail
P:Distance between bolt holes(mm)
S:Edge of first mounting hole(mm)
E:Edge of last mounting hole(mm)

| Model	LSD15	LSD20	LSD25	LSD30	LSD35
Pitch(P)	60	60	60	80	80
Standard Edge pitch(S)	20	20	20	20	20
Min. Edge Pitch(S/E min)	5(4)	6	7	7(8)	8
Max. Edge Pitch(S/E max)	55(56)	54	53	73(72)	72
Maximum length of rail for standard edge	4000	4000	4000	3960	3960
Maximum length(Lmax)	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000

Note:
- For LSD15 when it mounted with M3 screw, Min.edge pitch is 4mm, Max.edge pitch is 56mm.
  For LSD15 when it mounted with M4 screw, Min.edge pitch is 5mm, Max. edge pitch is 55mm.
- For LSD30 when it mounted with M6 screw, Min.edge pitch is 7mm, Max.edge pitch is 73mm.
  For LSD30 when it mounted with M8 screw, Min.edge pitch is 8mm, Max. edge pitch is 72mm.
- Joint rail must be chosen if length of rail exceeds the maximum.
- When deciding edge pitch, it should be within the range of above table.
  There would be risk of broken hole if pitch is out of range.
- Maximum length of rail for standard' means the maximum length of rail can be chosen when both sides of edge pitches are standard.

Specifications and Dimensions

Square type
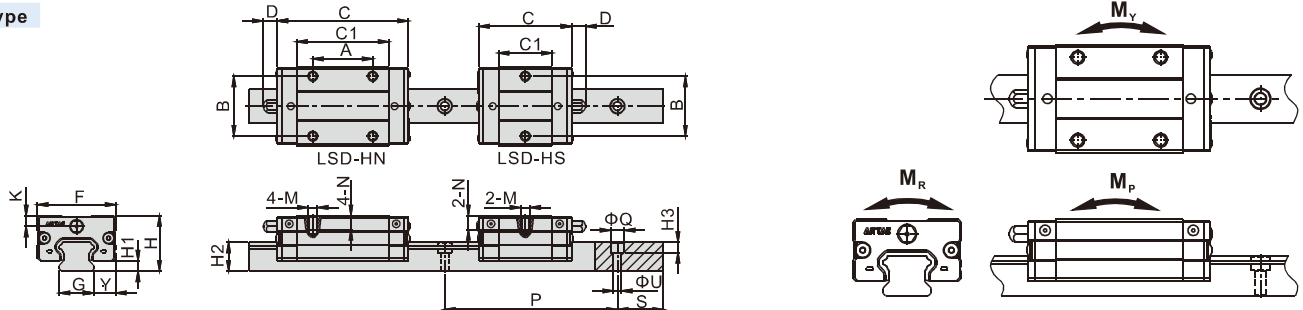
Model\Item	External Dimension (mm)					Block Dimension (mm)							Rail Dimension (mm)						
	H	H1	F	Y	C	C1	A	B	K	D	M	N	G	H2	P	S	ΦQ[Note]	ΦU	H3
LSD15HS	24	4.5	34	9.5	40.5	23.5	-	26	4.6	6	M4X0.7	6	15	12.5	60	20	8(6)	4.8(3.5)	5.3(4.5)
LSD15HN	24	4.5	34	9.5	57	40	26	26	4.6	6	M4X0.7	6	15	12.5	60	20	8(6)	4.8(3.5)	5.3(4.5)
LSD20HS	28	6	42	11	46	29	-	32	6.2	13	M5X0.8	7	20	15.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSD20HN	28	6	42	11	65	48	32	32	6.2	13	M5X0.8	7	20	15.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSD25HS	33	7	48	12.5	59	36.5	-	35	7.2	13	M6X1.0	9	23	18	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSD25HN	33	7	48	12.5	83	60.5	35	35	7.2	13	M6X1.0	9	23	18	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSD30HS	42	9	60	16	68.5	41.5	-	40	7.2	13	M8X1.25	12	28	23	80	20	11.2(14.2)	7(9)	9(12)
LSD30HN	42	9	60	16	97	70	40	40	7.2	13	M8X1.25	12	28	23	80	20	11.2(14.2)	7(9)	9(12)
LSD35HS	48	11	70	18	73.5	46.5	-	50	8.5	13	M8X1.25	12	34	27.5	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSD35HN	48	11	70	18	106.5	79.5	50	50	8.5	13	M8X1.25	12	34	27.5	80	20	14.2	9	12

Model\Item	Mounting Screw	Dynamic Load Rating(kN)	Static Load Rating(kN)	Static Rated Moment (kN.m)			Weight	
		C	C₀	M_R	M_P	M_Y	Block(kg)	Rail(kg/m)
LSD15HS	M4(M3)	5.0	9.5	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.09	1.23
LSD15HN	M4(M3)	8.9	16.5	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.15	1.23
LSD20HS	M5	7.2	13.5	0.13	0.06	0.06	0.14	2.11
LSD20HN	M5	12.1	22.4	0.20	0.15	0.15	0.23	2.11
LSD25HS	M6	11.5	20.8	0.22	0.11	0.11	0.26	2.76
LSD25HN	M6	19.3	34.7	0.36	0.31	0.31	0.42	2.76
LSD30HS	M6(M8)	19.8	30.0	0.38	0.20	0.20	0.44	4.60
LSD30HN	M6(M8)	28.3	50.3	0.65	0.53	0.53	0.75	4.60
LSD35HS	M8	29.2	40.7	0.66	0.33	0.33	0.74	6.27
LSD35HN	M8	42.7	70.2	1.02	0.72	0.72	1.17	6.27

[Note]: The standard countersink of LSD15 rail is Φ8X5.3XΦ4.8 and with M4 screw.If with M3 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is Φ6X4.5XΦ3.5.
The standard countersink of LSD30 rail is Φ11.2X9XΦ7 and with M6 screw. If with M8 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is Φ14.2X12XΦ9.

LSD Series
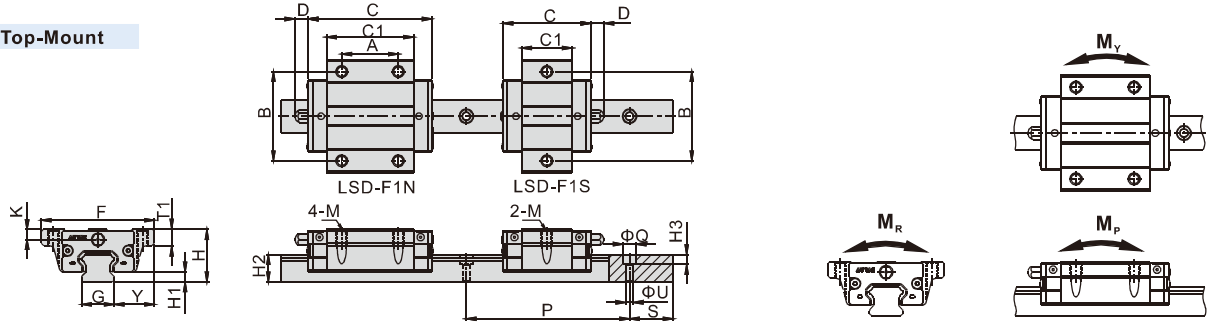
Flange type, Top-Mount

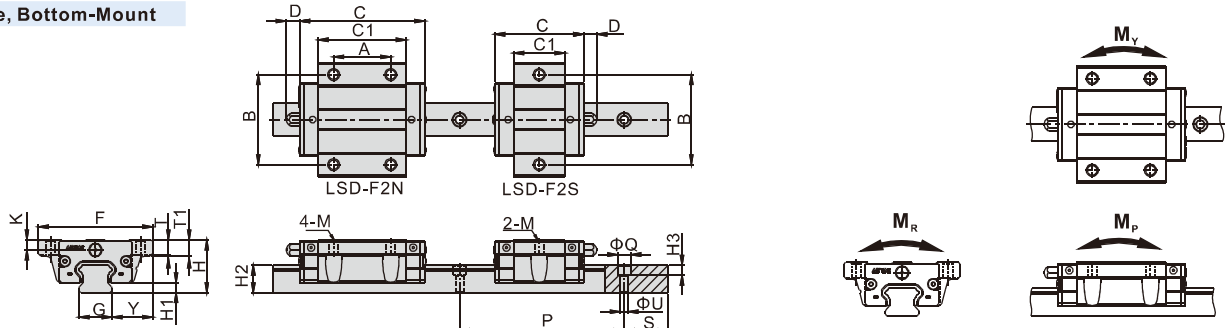| Model\Item	External Dimension (mm)					Block Dimension (mm)							Rail Dimension (mm)						
	H	H_1	F	Y	C	C_1	A	B	K	D	M	T_1	G	H_2	P	S	ΦQ[Note]	ΦU	H_3
LSD15F1S	24	4.5	52	18.5	40.5	23.5	-	41	4.6	6	M5X0.8	7.5	15	12.5	60	20	8(6)	4.8(3.5)	5.3(4.5)
LSD15F1N	24	4.5	52	18.5	57	40	26	41	4.6	6	M5X0.8	7.5	15	12.5	60	20	8(6)	4.8(3.5)	5.3(4.5)
LSD20F1S	28	6	59	19.5	46	29	-	49	6.2	13	M6X1.0	9.5	20	15.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSD20F1N	28	6	59	19.5	65	48	32	49	6.2	13	M6X1.0	9.5	20	15.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSD25F1S	33	7	73	25	59	36.5	-	60	7.2	13	M8X1.25	10.5	23	18	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSD25F1N	33	7	73	25	83	60.5	35	60	7.2	13	M8X1.25	10.5	23	18	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSD30F1S	42	9	90	31	68.5	41.5	-	72	7.2	13	M10X1.5	10.5	28	23	80	20	11.2(14.2)	7(9)	9(12)
LSD30F1N	42	9	90	31	97	70	40	72	7.2	13	M10X1.5	10.5	28	23	80	20	11.2(14.2)	7(9)	9(12)
LSD35F1S	48	11	100	33	73.5	46.5	-	82	8.5	13	M10X1.5	13.5	34	27.5	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSD35F1N	48	11	100	33	106.5	79.5	50	82	8.5	13	M10X1.5	13.5	34	27.5	80	20	14.2	9	12

Model\Item	Mounting Screw	Dynamic Load Rating(kN)	Static Load Rating(kN)	Static Rated Moment (kN.m)			Weight	
		C	C_0	M_R	M_P	M_Y	Block(kg)	Rail(kg/m)
LSD15F1S	M4(M3)	5.0	9.5	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.12	1.23
LSD15F1N	M4(M3)	8.9	16.5	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.21	1.23
LSD20F1S	M5	7.2	13.5	0.13	0.06	0.06	0.18	2.11
LSD20F1N	M5	12.1	22.4	0.20	0.15	0.15	0.31	2.11
LSD25F1S	M6	11.5	20.8	0.22	0.11	0.11	0.36	2.76
LSD25F1N	M6	19.3	34.7	0.36	0.31	0.31	0.60	2.76
LSD30F1S	M6(M8)	19.8	30.0	0.38	0.20	0.20	0.61	4.60
LSD30F1N	M6(M8)	28.3	50.3	0.65	0.53	0.53	1.03	4.60
LSD35F1S	M8	29.2	40.7	0.66	0.33	0.33	0.93	6.27
LSD35F1N	M8	42.7	70.2	1.02	0.72	0.72	1.50	6.27

[Note]: The standard countersink of LSD15 rail is Φ8X5.3XΦ4.8 and with M4 screw.If with M3 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is Φ6X4.5XΦ3.5. The standard countersink of LSD30 rail is Φ11.2X9XΦ7 and with M6 screw. If with M8 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is Φ14.2X12XΦ9.

Flange type, Bottom-Mount

Model\Item	External Dimension (mm)					Block Dimension (mm)								Rail Dimension (mm)						
	H	H_1	F	Y	C	C_1	A	B	K	D	M	T	T_1	G	H_2	P	S	ΦQ[Note]	ΦU	H_3
LSD15F2S	24	4.5	52	18.5	40.5	23.5	-	41	4.6	6	Φ4.5	7	7.5	15	12.5	60	20	8(6)	4.8(3.5)	5.3(4.5)
LSD15F2N	24	4.5	52	18.5	57	40	26	41	4.6	6	Φ4.5	7	7.5	15	12.5	60	20	8(6)	4.8(3.5)	5.3(4.5)
LSD20F2S	28	6	59	19.5	46	29	-	49	6.2	13	Φ5.7	9	9.5	20	15.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSD20F2N	28	6	59	19.5	65	48	32	49	6.2	13	Φ5.7	9	9.5	20	15.5	60	20	9.5	5.8	8.5
LSD25F2S	33	7	73	25	59	36.5	-	60	7.2	13	Φ6.8	10	10.5	23	18	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSD25F2N	33	7	73	25	83	60.5	35	60	7.2	13	Φ6.8	10	10.5	23	18	60	20	11.2	7	9
LSD30F2S	42	9	90	31	68.5	41.5	-	72	7.2	13	Φ9	10	10.5	28	23	80	20	11.2(14.2)	7(9)	9(12)
LSD30F2N	42	9	90	31	97	70	40	72	7.2	13	Φ9	10	10.5	28	23	80	20	11.2(14.2)	7(9)	9(12)
LSD35F2S	48	11	100	33	73.5	46.5	-	82	8.5	13	Φ9	13	13.5	34	27.5	80	20	14.2	9	12
LSD35F2N	48	11	100	33	106.5	79.5	50	82	8.5	13	Φ9	13	13.5	34	27.5	80	20	14.2	9	12

Model\Item	Mounting Screw	Dynamic Load Rating(kN)	Static Load Rating(kN)	Static Rated Moment (kN.m)			Weight	
		C	C_0	M_R	M_P	M_Y	Block(kg)	Rail(kg/m)
LSD15F2S	M4(M3)	5.0	9.5	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.12	1.23
LSD15F2N	M4(M3)	8.9	16.5	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.21	1.23
LSD20F2S	M5	7.2	13.5	0.13	0.06	0.06	0.18	2.11
LSD20F2N	M5	12.1	22.4	0.20	0.15	0.15	0.31	2.11
LSD25F2S	M6	11.5	20.8	0.22	0.11	0.11	0.36	2.76
LSD25F2N	M6	19.3	34.7	0.36	0.31	0.31	0.60	2.76
LSD30F2S	M6(M8)	19.8	30.0	0.38	0.20	0.20	0.61	4.60
LSD30F2N	M6(M8)	28.3	50.3	0.65	0.53	0.53	1.03	4.60
LSD35F2S	M8	29.2	40.7	0.66	0.33	0.33	0.93	6.27
LSD35F2N	M8	42.7	70.2	1.02	0.72	0.72	1.50	6.27

[Note]: The standard countersink of LSD15 rail is Φ8X5.3XΦ4.8 and with M4 screw.If with M3 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is Φ6X4.5XΦ3.5. The standard countersink of LSD30 rail is Φ11.2X9XΦ7 and with M6 screw. If with M8 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is Φ14.2X12XΦ9.

Accuracy Classes

LSD Low Profile type linear guide comes with 3 accuracy levels.

| Accuracy Standards						(mm)	
Accuracy		N : Normal		H: High		P:Precision	
Model		15/20	25/30/35	15/20	25/30/35	15/20	25/30/35
Tolerance of height H		±0.1		±0.03	±0.04	±0.015	±0.02
Variation of height ΔH		0.02	0.025	0.01	0.015	0.006	0.007
Tolerance of width Y		±0.1		±0.03	±0.04	±0.015	±0.02
Variation of width ΔY		0.02	0.03	0.01	0.015	0.006	0.007
Parallelism of C-surface relative to A-surface		Parallelism of raceway (Refer to Table 1)					
Parallelism of D-surface relative to B-surface		Parallelism of raceway (Refer to Table 1)					

Table 1 : Parallelism of the raceway

Accuracy Rail Length(mm)	Parallelism of the raceway(μm)		
	N	H	P
100 under	12	7	3
100~200	14	9	4
200~300	15	10	5
300~500	17	12	6
500~700	20	13	7
700~900	22	15	8
900~1100	24	16	9
1100~1500	26	18	11
1500~1900	28	20	13
1900~2500	31	22	15
2500~3100	33	25	18
3100~3600	36	27	20
3600~4000	37	28	21

Preload Level

1. Preload interference

The LSD Low Profile type Linear Guide has three preload categories: A ,B and C.

Choosing suitable preload level will enhance rigidity, precision and torsion resistant performace of the linear guide.

Radial interference
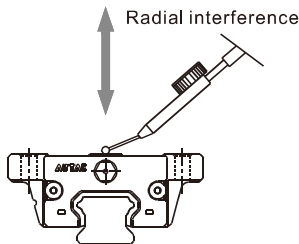
Model	Radial interference(μm)		
	Standard clearance(A)	Light Preload(B)	Middle Preload(C)
LSD15	−4~+2	−12~−4	−22~−14
LSD20	−5~+2	−13~−5	−23~−15
LSD25	−6~+2	−14~−6	−24~−16
LSD30	−7~+2	−16~−7	−26~−17
LSD35	−8~+2	−18~−8	−28~−18

2. Common Application

Refer to following table for suitable application of different preload grade:

| Preload grade	Requirement	Common Application
Standard clearance(A)	One axial movement, small vibration and impact, accuracy requirement is low	Conveyor Machine, Semiconductor Equipment, Stage Equipment, Press Machine, Welding Machine and other light movement equipments
Light Preload(B)	Equipment that requires light-load and high-precision.	Z-axis movement for industrial use, NC lathe, EDM, Precision XY platform, Vertical machine center, measurement instrument, material feeder or industrial robot
Medium Preload(C)	Equipment that requires high rigidity, large vibration and shock.	Machining centers, NC lathes, grinders, vertical or horizontal milling machines, boring machines, tool guides, heavy cutting machines.

Installation Illustration

1. Allowable tolerance of mounting surface

LSD series is an arc-shape, two-point contact design of linear guide. Its self-centering feature allows some tolerance on mounting surface without affecting the smoothness of linear motion. The allowable tolerance is indicated in following table:
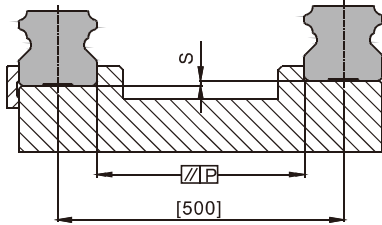
Model	Allowable tolerance of parallelism P(µm)			Allowable tolerance of top and bottom S (µm)		
	Standard clearance(A)	Light Preload(B)	Medium Preload(C)	Standard clearance(A)	Light Preload(B)	Medium Preload(C)
LSD15	25	18	-	130	85	-
LSD20	25	20	18	130	85	50
LSD25	30	22	20	130	85	70
LSD30	40	30	27	170	110	90
LSD35	50	35	30	210	150	120

Note: The value in the table is the allowable value when the distance between the two linear guides is 500mm, and the allowable value is proportional to the distance between the two linear guides.

2. Height and Chamfer of Reference Edge

In order to ensure accurate installation of LSD Linear Guide, the contact space should not exceed the given figures in following table.
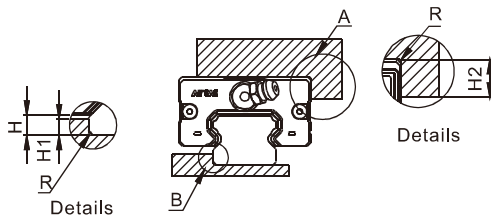
Unit : mm

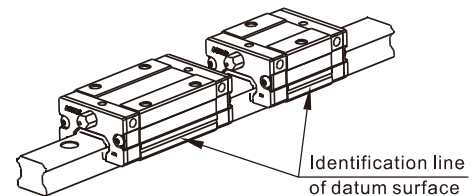| Model	H	H1	H2	R(Max)
LSD15	4.5	2.7	5	0.5
LSD20	6	5	7	0.5
LSD25	7	5	7.5	1
LSD30	9	7	7	1
LSD35	11	7.5	9.5	1

3. Screw Tighten Torque

When installing linear guide, whether the screws are well tighten and surface is well contacted will affect accuracy significantly. Please refer to following table for tightening force to ensure a perfect installation.

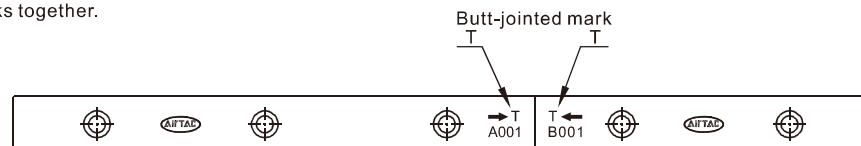| Model	Screw size	Tighten Torque(N.cm)		
		Iron	Casting	Aluminum alloy
LSD15	M3	196	127	98
	M4	412	274	206
LSD20	M5	882	588	441
LSD25	M6	1370	921	686
LSD30	M6	1370	921	686
	M8	3040	2010	1470
LSD35	M8	3040	2010	1470

4. Datum plane

- Datum plane for installation must be ground or finely milled to ensure accuracy.
- Both sides of Rail can be used as the datum plane.
- For multi-blocks on a rail, identification line on blocks should be put on the same side to ensure moving accuracy.

Identification line of datum surface

Rail Butt-jointed

- When jointing rails, it must follow group marks on rail to ensure the accuracy of linear guide. These marks are located on the top surface at joint side. Please put the same group marks together.

Butt-jointed mark

- Be aware serial number of group mark when assemble. A001 and B001 are in a group, so as to A002 and B002 and so on.
- Be aware the installation direction while assembly, the serial numbers are not upside down and arrows point to each other.

Lubrication method

When a linear guide is well lubricated, it can reduce wear and increase lifespan significantly. Lubrication has the following benefits :

• Reduces friction of the rollers and raceway to minimize wear.

• The grease film between contact surface can prevent roller fatigue.

• Prevent rust.

1. Lubrication Grease

Use the correct grade of lubrication. While lubricating, a grease gun can be used to pump grease into slider through the grease nipple on it.
The suitable condition for lube is when working speed is under 60 m/min and not in cooling process.

•Nipple type

Grease nipple type	L-P-M4	L-P-M6	L-P-SM6
	LSD15	LSD20 LSD25 LSD30 LSD35	LSD20 LSD25 LSD30 LSD35

•Grease amount

LSD series linear guide is well lubricated with 'Shell Alvania grease S2' in factory. Customers are recommended to use identical or the same grade of lubricant. After lubrication, block needs to be moved back and forth at least three times for the length of three blocks and repeat at least twice.
Check if the surface of rail is well covered by grease film.

Model	Grease amount for the first lubrication(cm^3)		Replenishment amount(cm^3)	
	Short type	Standard type	Short type	Standard type
LSD15	0.5	0.9	0.2	0.3
LSD20	1.1	1.8	0.4	0.6
LSD25	1.8	3.2	0.6	1.0
LSD30	2.9	4.5	0.9	1.4
LSD35	4.1	5.9	1.3	1.8

•Lubrication frequency

Although the linear guides are well lubricated at factory and retains grease well, frequent lubrication is still necessary to avoid undesirable wear.
Recommended lubrication period is every 100km of movement or every 3~6 months.
(Refer to table on the top for suggested amount)

2. Lubricating oil

Recommended oil viscosity for lubrication use is about 30 to 150 cst.
Lubrication oil is suitable for all kinds of load and impact application, but not for high temperature use due to its tendency of vaporization.

•Adaptor

L-P-AM6	L-P-AM8	L-P-A01
LSD15	LSD35 LSD30 LSD25 LSD20	LSD35 LSD30 LSD25 LSD20

L-P-LM6	L-P-LM8	L-P-L01
LSD15	LSD35 LSD30 LSD25 LSD20	LSD35 LSD30 LSD25 LSD20

Note: After installation, the top surface of adaptor may be higher than block. Be careful about the interference while moving.
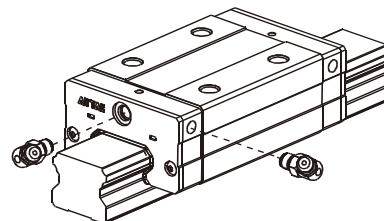
Lubrication method

• **Oil supply rate**

Loss of lubrication oil is faster than lubrication grease. Pay attention to sufficiency of oil while using.

Model	Oil amount for the first lubrication(cm³)	Feeding Speed(cm³/hr)
LSD15	0.3	0.1
LSD20	0.5	0.15
LSD25	0.6	0.2
LSD30	0.8	0.25
LSD35	0.9	0.3

3. Grease nipple/adaptor installation

• Grease nipple or adaptor can be installed in the two sides of block for manual or automatic lubrication based on customer's requirement.

• There are a secondary set of lubricating ports on the side of the block. When using, it is not recommended to use the side with datum line unless necessary.

• Lateral nipple installation is not recommended for flange type blocks.
  (The grease / oil nipple may interfere with block)

• If lateral lubrication is needed for above spec, please contact us for customization.

Bolt hole plug

1. Plug type

In order to prevent metal swarf or external objects from entering blocks and affecting precision and lifespan,

customers must put plugs into holes during installation. Every rail is equipped with default plugs.

Model	Bolt	Diameter(D)(mm)	Thickness(H)(mm)
LSD15	M3	6.15	1.2
	M4	8.15	1.1
LSD20	M5	9.65	2.5
LSD25	M6	11.4	2.5
LSD30	M6	11.4	2.5
	M8	14.4	3.5
LSD35	M8	14.4	3.5

2. Plug installation Steps

Step one

Plug

Place the plug in counterbore.

Step two

Flat piece

Place the flat piece on mounting hole,
hit the piece vertically with a plastic hammer
and fix the plug into counterbore.

Note：

• Please make sure the plugs do not protrude the rail surface.

• After installation, please clean the surface before use.

Precautions on use

1. Block disassembly

With ball retainers and a dustproof cover, normally the balls are prevented from falling out when block is removed from rail.
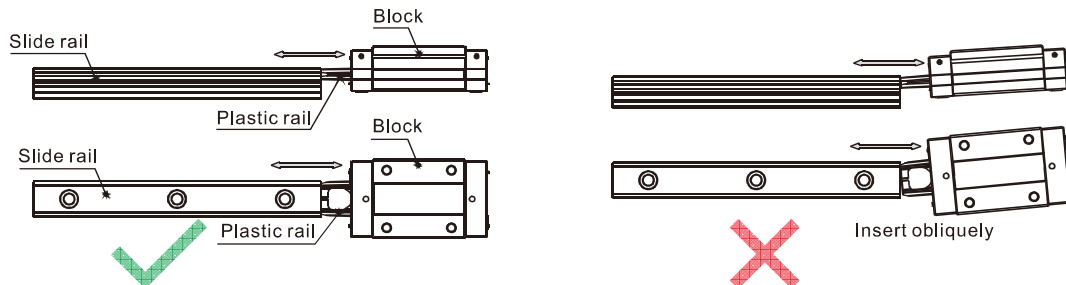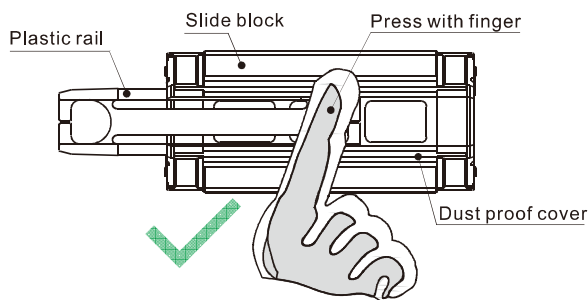
However, if obliquely insert rail into blocks or quickly assembled or disassembled, there is a risk for balls of falling out.

Please carefully assemble the linear guide or use plastic rails to assist.
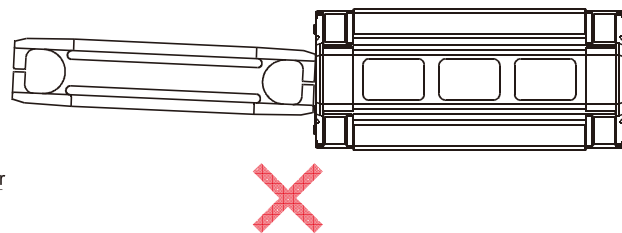

2. Plastic rail installation

A plastic rail is equipped for block set. Please do not remove plastic rail whenever it is not necessary.

If plastic rail falls out and needs to be reinstalled, press the dustproof covers with fingers and install slowly to prevent balls from falling out due to misalignment of plastic rail.

Press the dust-proof covers and insert plastic rail in alignment.

Without pressing dust-proof covers or insert plastic rail obliquely.

3. Caution

● Parts may slide out if linear guide is put unevenly. Please be careful.

● Hitting or dropping linear guide could have huge effect on accuracy and lifespan even though appearance may remain intact. Please be careful.

● Do not dissemble linear guide as external objects may enter blocks and cause accuracy problem.

4. Lubrication

● Linear guide have been treated with anti-rust oil during production. Before use, wipe the rail and treat it with lubrication.

● Do not mix lubricating oil (grease) with different properties.

● After lubrication, move block back and forth for the length of three blocks long and repeat at least 2 times to ensure there is a grease file on rail.

5. Use

● The operating environment temperature should not exceed 80℃, and the maximum temperature should not exceed 100℃.

● Do not separate blocks from rail whenever it is not necessary. If you need to separate them, please use plastic rails to prevent steel balls from falling out.

6. Storage

● When storing blocks, rails or linear guide set, please be sure that anti-rust oil is well applied and product is well sealed as well as placed horizontally.
 Avoid humidity and high temperatures environment.

Product Introduction

Rail

Stainless steel. High rigidity.
Rails are interchangeable for blocks.

Ball Retainer

Keep balls from falling,
increase convenience for block-rail installation.

Steel Ball

Japanese-made steel balls,
High roundness and excellent wear resistance
(ISO 3290 G10 level)

Double-Lips Design

High lubricant sustaining
and dust resisting performance.

Protection Cover

Protect the product from large dust particles.

LRM Series

Order Information(Combined)

```
LRM  7   N   1 X40 S5  A   H   T
 ①  ②  ③  ④  ⑤  ⑥  ⑦  ⑧  ⑨
```

① Model Code	LRM : Miniature Linear Guide
② Rail Width	5 : 5mm 7 : 7mm 9 : 9mm 12 : 12mm 15 : 15mm
③ Block type	N: Standard L: Long
④ Number of Block	1: One 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide]
⑤ Rail Length	40: 40mm......... [Refer to rail spec. table for detail]
⑥ Position of first mounting hole	S□ : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole. (It is recommended to be greater than minimum edge) [Refer to rail spec table for details]
⑦ Preload	A: Standard clearance B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload
⑧ Accuracy	H : High P : Precision
⑨ Rail type	Blank : Top-Mount T : Bottom-Mount

Butt-jointed Order Information

```
LRM  7   N   1 X 705  T 705   A   H   T
 ①  ②  ③  ④   ⑤  ⑥ ⑦  ⑧  ⑨ ⑩
```

① Model Code	LRM : Miniature Linear Guide
② Rail Width	5 : 5mm 7 : 7mm 9 : 9mm 12 : 12mm 15 : 15mm
③ Block type	N: Standard L: Long
④ Number of Block	1: One 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide]
⑤ Length of first Rail	705: 705mm ....[Defined by customer]
⑥ Butt-jointed mark	T: Rail Butt-jointed mark(Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P) [P is the standard hole distance]
⑦ Length of tail Rail	705: 705mm ....[Defined by customer]
⑧ Preload	A: Standard clearance B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload
⑨ Accuracy	H : High P : Precision
⑩ Rail type	Blank : Top-Mount T : Bottom-Mount

Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P ,
Position of the first and last
hole is defined by customer.

[Note 1] Allow only two rails for standard joint. Customization is needed for more than two rails.
[Note 2] Customization is needed if the first/last mounting hole position is out of range in 'Rail Specification Table'.

Blank : Top-Mount   T : Bottom-Mount
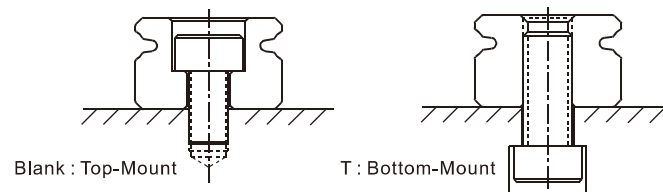
Miniature Linear Guide
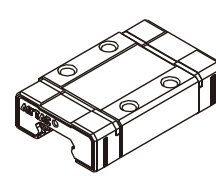
LRM Series

1. Block Order Information

LRM 7 BK - N - H - D

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥

① Model Code	LRM : Miniature Linear Guide
② Rail Width	7 : 7mm 9 : 9mm 12 : 12mm 15 : 15mm
③ Block Code	BK: Block
④ BlockType	N: Standard L: Long
⑤ Accuracy	H : High
⑥ Group Code	B C D E [Note]
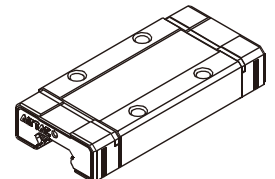
N: Standard   L: Long

Notes: When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

2. Uncut Rail Order Information

LRM 7 RL X 985 - H - E - T

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦

Blank : Top-Mount   T : Bottom-Mount

① Model Code	LRM: Miniature Linear Guide			
② Rail Width	7:7mm	9:9mm	12:12mm	15:15mm
③ Rail Code	RL: Rail			
④ Rail Length	985:985mm	995:995mm	995:995mm	990:990mm
⑤ Accuracy	H : High			
⑥ Group Code	E [Note]			
⑦ Rail Type	Blank : Top-Mount T : Bottom-Mount			
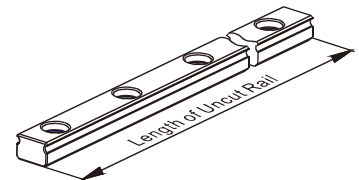
Length of Uncut Rail
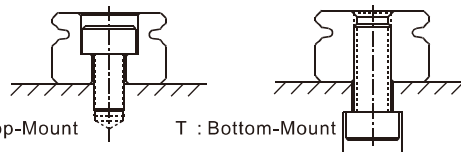
Note: When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

3. Rail Order Information

LRM 7 RLX40 -S5 - H - E - T

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧

① Model Code	LRM: Miniature Linear Guide
② Rail Width	7 : 7mm 9 : 9mm 12 : 12mm 15 : 15mm
③ Rail Code	RL: Rail
④ Rail Length	40: 40mm......... [Refer to rail spec. table for detail]
⑤ Position of first mounting hole	S□ : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole. (It is recommended to be greater than minimum edge) [Refer to rail spec table for details]
⑥ Accuracy	H : High
⑦ Group Code	E [Note]
⑧ Rail Type	Blank : Top-Mount T : Bottom-Mount

Note: When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

4. Rail/Block preload pairing chart

When customer orders rail/block, please choose the pairing code of rail/block in accordance with the needed preload of linear guide(combined). Details please refer to the "preload pairing chart".

LRM7、LRM9 Preload pairing chart		
Preload grade	Rail pairing code	
	E	
Block pairing code	B	-
	C	Medium preload
	D	Light preload
	E	Standard clearance

LRM12、LRM15 Preload pairing chart		
Preload grade	Rail pairing code	
	E	
Block pairing code	B	Medium preload
	C	Light preload
	D	-
	E	Standard clearance

Rail Specification

The edge pitch of first mounting hole (S) and last mounting hole (E) should not be greater than 1/2P. Overlong edge may induce unstable installation and affect the accuracy.

n: Numbers of mounting holes

$L=(n-1)\times P+S+E$

L: Total length of rail(mm)

n: Numbers of mounting holes on rail

P: Distance between bolt holes(mm)

S: Edge of first mounting hole(mm)

E: Edge of last mounting hole(mm)

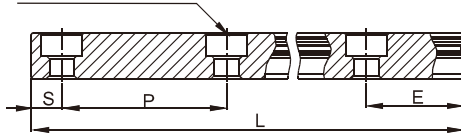| Model	Standard rail length(L) (mm)												Maximum length (L max)(mm)
LRM5	40	55	70	85	100	115	130	145					490
LRM7	40	55	70	85	100	115	130	145	160	175	190	205	985
	220	235	250										
LRM9	55	75	95	115	135	155	175	195	215	235	255	275	995
	295	315	335	355	375	395							
LRM12	70	95	120	145	170	195	220	245	270	295	320	345	995
	370	395	420	445	470	495							
LRM15	70	110	150	190	230	270	310	350	390	430	470	510	990

| Model	Pitch(P)	Standard Edge pitch	Min. Edge Pitch (S/E min)	Max. Edge Pitch (S/E max)
LRM5	15	5	3	10
LRM7	15	5	3	10
LRM9	20	7.5	4	15
LRM12	25	10	4	20
LRM15	40	15	4	35

Note: • Joint rail must be chosen if length of rail exceeds the maximum.
• When deciding edge pitch, it should be within the range of above table. There would be risk of broken hole if pitch is out of range.

Specifications and Dimensions

LRM5N/LRM5L

Rail type : Bottom-Mount
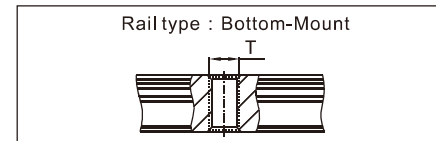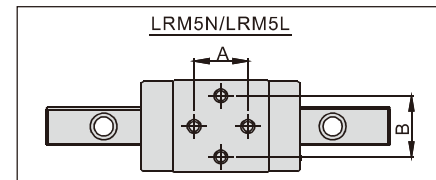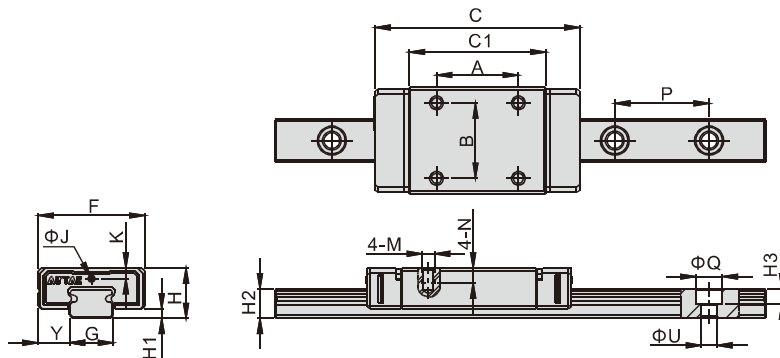
Model\Item	External Dimension (mm)					Block Dimension (mm)							Rail Dimension (mm)					
	H	H1	F	Y	C	C1	A	B	M	N	K	ΦJ	G	H2	P	ΦQ	ΦU	H3	T
LRM5N	6	1.5	12	3.5	18.2	10	7	8	M2X0.4	1.5	1.3	0.7	5	3.5	15	3.5	2.2	1.1	M3X0.5
LRM5L	6	1.5	12	3.5	21.2	13	7	8	M2X0.4	1.5	1.3	0.7	5	3.5	15	3.5	2.2	1.1	M3X0.5
LRM7N	8	1.5	17	5	24.3	13.5	8	12	M2X0.4	2.3	1.7	0.7	7	4.7	15	4.2	2.4	2.4	M3X0.5
LRM7L	8	1.5	17	5	32.5	21.7	13	12	M2X0.4	2.3	1.7	0.7	7	4.7	15	4.2	2.4	2.4	M3X0.5
LRM9N	10	2	20	5.5	31	18.9	10	15	M3X0.5	2.8	2.2	1	9	5.6	20	6	3.5	3.4	M4X0.7
LRM9L	10	2	20	5.5	42.1	30	16	15	M3X0.5	2.8	2.2	1	9	5.6	20	6	3.5	3.4	M4X0.7
LRM12N	13	3	27	7.5	37.6	21.7	15	20	M3X0.5	4	3	1.5	12	7.5	25	6	3.5	4.4	M4X0.7
LRM12L	13	3	27	7.5	48.4	32.5	20	20	M3X0.5	4	3	1.5	12	7.5	25	6	3.5	4.4	M4X0.7
LRM15N	16	3.5	32	8.5	48	28	20	25	M3X0.5	4	3.7	M3	15	9.5	40	6	3.5	4.4	M4X0.7
LRM15L	16	3.5	32	8.5	65	45	25	25	M3X0.5	4	3.7	M3	15	9.5	40	6	3.5	4.4	M4X0.7
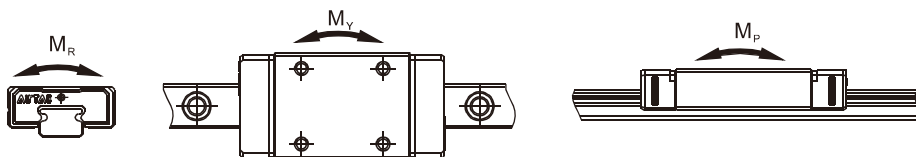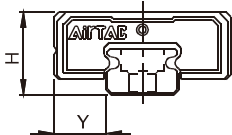
Model\Item	Mounting Screw	Dynamic Load Rating(kN)	Static Load Rating(kN)	Static Rated Moment (N.m)			Weight	
		C_{100B}	C_0	M_R	M_P	M_Y	Block(kg)	Rail(kg/m)
LRM5N	M2	0.33	0.55	1.68	0.99	0.99	0.0035	0.114
LRM5L	M2	0.48	0.9	2.4	2.08	2.08	0.004	0.114
LRM7N	M2	1.02	1.53	5.42	3.17	3.17	0.009	0.22
LRM7L	M2	1.43	2.45	9.27	7.96	7.96	0.014	0.22
LRM9N	M3	1.97	2.6	11.84	8.19	8.19	0.018	0.315
LRM9L	M3	2.61	4.11	19.73	18.94	18.94	0.027	0.315
LRM12N	M3	3.04	3.86	23.63	12.57	12.57	0.037	0.602
LRM12L	M3	3.96	5.9	40.96	32.57	32.57	0.053	0.602
LRM15N	M3	4.27	5.7	45.05	23.05	23.05	0.054	0.981
LRM15L	M3	6.53	9.53	70.08	63.69	63.69	0.088	0.981

Accuracy

LRM miniature linear guide comes with 2 accuracy levels.

Accuracy Standards		(mm)
Accuracy	H: High	P:Precision
Tolerance of height H	±0.02	±0.01
Variation of height ΔH	0.015	0.007
Tolerance of width Y	±0.025	±0.015
Variation of width ΔY	0.02	0.01

Parallelism of motion relative to benchmark surface.
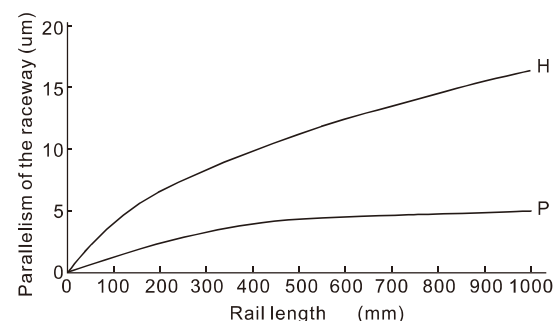
Preload Level

LRM Miniature Linear Guide has three preload categories: A ,B and C.
Choosing suitable preload level will enhance rigidity, precision and torsion resistant performace of the linear guide.

Preload Level	Code	Radial interference				(µm)	Application
		5	7	9	12	15	
Standard clearance	A	-1~+2	-2~+2	-2~+2	-2~+3	-2~+3	Smooth operation
Light Preload	B	-3~-1	-4~-2	-5~-2	-6~-2	-7~-2	High Precision
Medium Preload	C	-6~-2	-7~-3	-8~-4	-9~-5	-10~-6	High rigidity

Load Capacity and Rating Life

1. Basic static load rating(C_0)
It is defined as the static load when the total permanent deformation of the steel ball and the surface of the groove is exactly one ten-thousandth of the diameter of the steel ball under the state of the load direction and size unchanged.

2. Static Permissible Moment(M_0)
When the steel ball subjected to the maximum stress in the slider reaches a static rated load condition, this loading moment is called the "Static permissible moment". The definition comes in three directions.
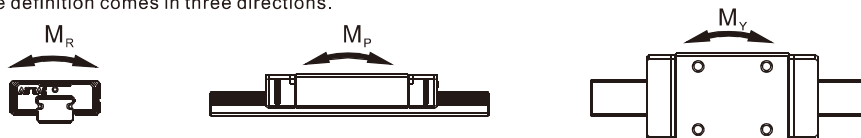
3. Static Safety Factor(f_s)
Impact, vibration and inertial loading during start and stop moment lead to unexpected load on the linear guide way.
Therefore, when calculating the static load, safety factors must be considered.

Load Condition	f_s
Normal Load	1.0~2.0
Load with Impacts or Vibrations	2.0~3.0

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P} = \frac{M_0}{M}$$

f_s : Static safety factor
C_0 : Basic static load rating   (N)
M_0 : Static permissible moment   (N.m)
P : Calculated working load   (N)
M : Calculated applying moment   (N.m)

4. Load Factor(f_w)
The loads acting on a linear guide way include the weight of block, the inertia load at the times of start and stop, and the moment loads caused by overhanging. Therefore, the load on a linear guide way should be divided by the empirical factor.

Loading condition	Service speed	f_w
No impacts & vibration	V≤15m/min	1~1.2
Small impacts	15m/min<V≤60m/min	1.2~1.5
Normal load	60m/min<V≤120m/min	1.5~2.0
With impacts & vibration	V>120m/min	2.0~3.5

5. Dynamic Load Rating(C_{100B})
C_{100B} : (According to ISO 14728-1) As the direction and magnitude remains the same, C_{100B} is the maximum workload for the product to maintain its nominal life at 100km of operation.

6. Calculation of Nominal Life(L)

Recognizing that nominal life of a linear guide is affected by the actual working loads, the general calculation of the nominal life excluding the environmental factors is carried out as follow: :

$$L = (\frac{C_{100B}}{f_w \times P})^3 \times 10^5$$

L = Nominal Life (m)

C_{100B} = Dynamic Load Rating (N)

f_w: Load Factor

P = Equivalent load (N)

Taking LRM9N for example, its C_{100B} is 1.97kN. Therefore, when the product bears a 1.5kN equivalent load P、 f_w=1, its theoretical rated life can be calculated as follows:

$$L = (\frac{C_{100B}}{f_w \times P})^3 \times 10^5 = (\frac{1.97}{1 \times 1.5})^3 \times 10^5 = 226529 \text{ m} = 226.5 \text{ km}$$

Installation Illustration

1. Height and Chamfer of Reference Edge

In order to ensure accurate installation of LRM Linear Guide, the contact space should not exceed the given figures in following table.

Unit : mm

Model	Q1	Q2	H1	R(Max)
LRM5	1.4	1.2	1.5	0.2
LRM7	5.5	1.2	1.5	0.2
LRM9	7	1.7	2	0.3
LRM12	9	2.7	3	0.4
LRM15	10	3.2	3.5	0.5

Details B

Details A
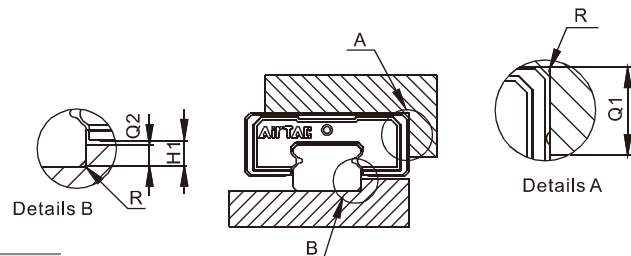
2. Screw Tighten Torque

Model	Screw size	Tighten Torque(N.cm)		
		Iron	Casting	Aluminum alloy
LRM5	M2	58.8	39.2	29.4
LRM7				
LRM9	M3	196	127	98
LRM12				
LRM15				

3. Datum plane

- Datum plane for installation must be ground or finely milled to ensure accuracy.
- Both sides of rail can be used as the datum plane.
- For multi-blocks on a rail, identification line on blocks should be put on the same side to ensure moving accuracy.

Identification line of datum surface

Rail Butt-jointed

- When jointing rails, it must follow group marks on rail to ensure the accuracy of linear guide. These marks are located on the top surface at joint side. Please put the same group marks together.

Butt-jointed mark

- Be aware serial number of group mark when assemble. A001 and B001 are in a group, so as to A002 and B002 and so on.
- Be aware the installation direction while assembly, the serial numbers are not upside down and arrows point to each other.

Lubrication Method

When a linear guide is well lubricated, it can reduce wear and increase lifespan significantly. Lubrication has the following benefits:
- Reduces friction of the rollers and rail to minimize wear.
- The grease film between contact surface can decrease the fatigue failure.
- Prevent rust.

1. Lubrication method

LRM series linear guide is well lubricated with 'Synergy Grease PS NO.2' in factory.
Customers are recommended to use identical or the same grade of lubricant.
Please refer to the right table for the amount of oil:
In order to be well lubricated, the blocks need to be moved back
and forth after lubricating.
Lubrication can be done either by manual or automatic device.

2. Lubrication frequency

Although the linear guides are well lubricated at the factory and retains grease well,
frequent lubrication is still necessary to avoid undesirable wear.
Recommended lubrication period is every 100km of movement or every 3~6 months.
(Refer to table on the right for suggested amount).

Model	Initial lubrication (cm^3)	Replenishment amount (cm^3)
LRM5N	0.02	0.01
LRM5L	0.03	0.015
LRM7N	0.1	0.05
LRM7L	0.13	0.07
LRM9N	0.2	0.1
LRM9L	0.28	0.14
LRM12N	0.34	0.17
LRM12L	0.45	0.23
LRM15N	0.72	0.36
LRM15L	1.0	0.50

Precautions on use

1. Block disassembly

LRM is equipped with ball retainers to prevent steel balls from falling out when block separates from rail. However, if obliquely insert rail into blocks or quickly
assemble and disassemble, there is risk for steel balls of falling out. Please carefully assemble the linear guide or use plastic rails to assist.
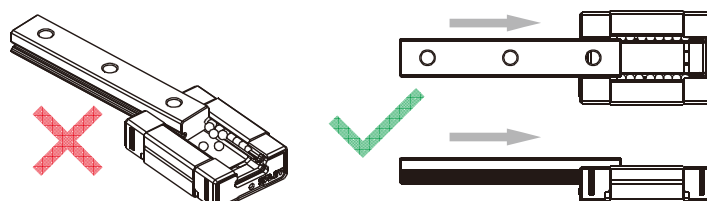
2. Caution

- Parts may slide out if linear guide is put unevenly. Please be careful.
- Hitting or dropping a linear guide could have huge effects on accuracy and lifespan even though appearance may remain intact. Please be careful.
- Do not separate linear guide as external objects may enter blocks and cause accuracy problem.

3. Lubrication

- Linear guide have been treated with anti-rust oil during production. Before use, wipe the rail and treat it with lubrication.
- Do not mix lubricating oil (grease) with different properties.
- While lubricating, the block needs to be moved back and forth. After lubrication, there should be a grease film on rail.

4. Use

- The operating environment temperature should not exceed 80℃, and the maximum temperature should not exceed 100℃.
- Do not separate blocks from rail whenever it is not necessary. If you need to separate them, please use plastic rails to prevent steel balls from falling out.

5. Storage

- When storing blocks, rails or set, please be sure that anti-rust oil is well applied and product is well sealed as well as placed horizontally.
  Avoid humidity and high temperatures environment.

Product Introduction

Crossed Roller provides high rigidity and high accuracy linear movement with non-recirculating rollers design. By cross-arrangement of rollers, it will hugely reduce friction meanwhile provide high rigidity for rollers to bear heavy loads. Crossed roller is mainly used in high precision machine and measurement equipment such as circuit board printer, optical measurement instrument, X-ray equipment or base for multiple kinds of instruments.

Main rail   Side rail   Roller cage   End screw

Three-Row Type Of Crossed Roller Way

Side rail   Side rail   End screw   Roller cage

Four-Row Type Of Crossed Roller Way

Cylindrical roller with high precision roundness and wear resistance (JIS B 1506 G2) is manufactured in Japan
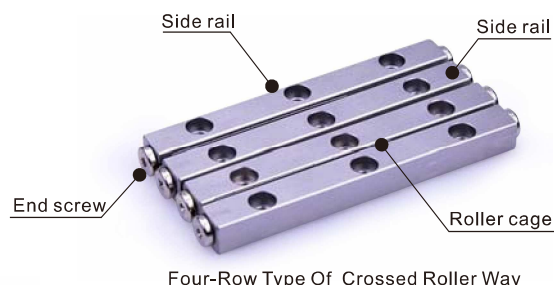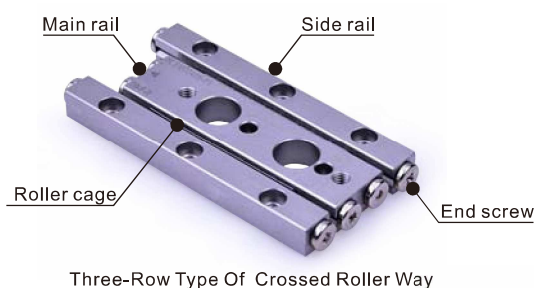
Order Information

LGC 3 A 200 R25 - H

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥

① Model Code	LGC : Crossed Roller Way
② Roller Diameter	1 : Φ1.5mm 2 : Φ2.0mm 3 : Φ3.0mm 4 : Φ4.0mm 6 : Φ6.0mm
③ Type [Note]	A: Three-row type [Note] B: Four-row type
④ Rail dimension	200:rail length 200X100:main rail length is 200mm/side rail length is 100mm [Reference to spec. table for detail]
⑤ The number of rollers in each roller cage	R25:25 rollers .... [Reference to spec. table for detail]
⑥ Accuracy	H : High P : Precision

[Note] LGC6: only for type B.

Cross Reference Table for Maximun Stroke & Roller numbers

LGC1

LGC1 Max. Stroke (mm)		R6	R7	R8	R9	R10	R11	R13	R16	R19
Shortest length of rails (mm)	20	12	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	30	-	-	22	17	12	7	-	-	-
	40	-	-	-	-	-	27	17	-	-
	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	22	7
	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	27
	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47
	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67

The standard quantity of rollers
Alternative options of the quantity of rollers

LGC2

LGC2 Max. Stroke (mm)		R6	R7	R8	R9	R10	R11	R13	R16	R19	R22	R25	R28	R32	R36
Shortest length of rails (mm)	30	16	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	45	-	-	30	22	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	60	-	-	-	-	-	36	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	26	-	-	-	-	-	-
	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	32	-	-	-	-	-
	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	38	-	-	-	-
	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68	44	-	-	-
	135	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98	74	50	-
	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	104	80	48
	165	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	78	45
	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140	108	76

LGC3

LGC3 Max. Stroke (mm)		R7	R8	R9	R10	R11	R13	R16	R19	R22	R25	R28	R32	R36	R40
Shortest length of rails (mm)	50	34	24	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	75	-	-	-	54	44	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100	-	-	-	-	-	74	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	64	-	-	-	-	-	-
	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114	84	54	-	-	-	-
	175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134	104	74	-	-	-
	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	154	124	84	-	-
	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	174	134	94	-
	250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	184	144	104
	275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	234	194	154
	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	244	204

LGC4

LGC4 Max. Stroke (mm)		R8	R9	R10	R11	R13	R16	R19	R22	R25	R28	R32	R36	R40	R45
Shortest length of rails (mm)	80	54	40	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	120	-	-	-	92	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	160	-	-	-	-	102	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	200	-	-	-	-	-	140	98	56	-	-	-	-	-	-
	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	178	136	94	-	-	-	-	-
	280	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	216	174	118	-	-	-	-
	320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	254	198	142	86	-	-
	360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	278	222	166	96	-
	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	358	302	246	176
	440	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	382	326	256
	480	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	406	336

LGC6

LGC6 Max. Stroke (mm)		R8	R9	R11	R13	R16	R19	R22	R25	R28	R32	R36	R40	R45
Shortest length of rails (mm)	100	62	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	150	-	-	108	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	200	-	-	-	-	118	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	250	-	-	-	-	-	164	110	56	-	-	-	-	-
	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	210	156	102	-	-	-	-
	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	256	202	130	-	-	-
	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	302	230	158	-	-
	450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	330	258	186	-
	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	358	286	196
	550	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	458	386	296
	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	486	396

Accuracy

Accuracy

Main rail — Side rail

P Q H W P   P Q H
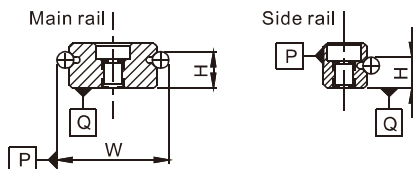
Unit : mm

Item	High(H)	Precision(P)
Tolerance of height **H**	±0.02	±0.01
Variation of height **H**	0.01	0.005
Tolerance of width **W**	±0.02	±0.01

Rail Length and Parallelism of The Raceway

Parallelism of the raceway (um) vs Rail length (mm)

Y-axis: 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10
X-axis: 0, 200, 400, 600, 800, 1000

Curves: H, P

Crossed Roller Way
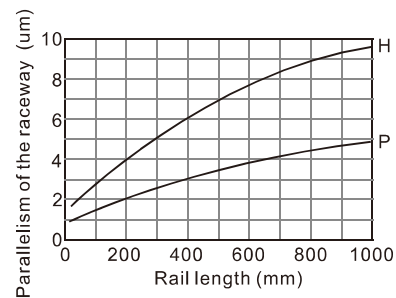
Specification Table

Dimensions of Three-row Type
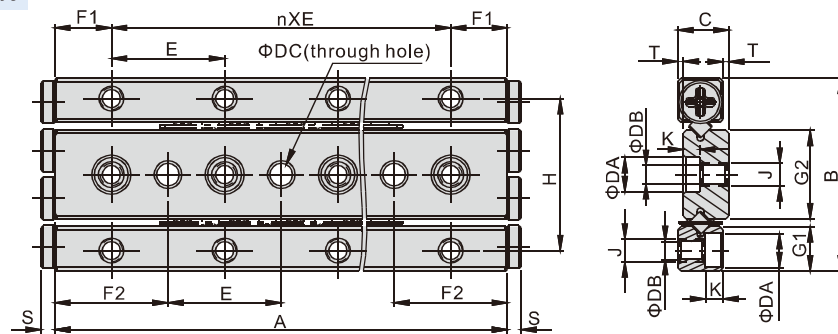
| Model\Item	A	B	C	ΦDA	ΦDB	ΦDC	nXE	F1	F2	G1	G2	H	J	K	S	T
LGC1A20	20						1X10									
LGC1A30	30						2X10									
LGC1A40	40						3X10									
LGC1A50	50	17	4.5	3.0	1.55	$2^{+0.03}_{+0.005}$	4X10	5	10	3.9	7.8	13.4	M2X0.4	1.5	1.2	0.5
LGC1A60	60						5X10									
LGC1A70	70						6X10									
LGC1A80	80						7X10									
LGC2A30	30						1X15									
LGC2A45	45						2X15									
LGC2A60	60						3X15									
LGC2A75	75						4X15									
LGC2A90	90						5X15									
LGC2A105	105	24	6.5	4.4	2.5	$3^{+0.03}_{+0.005}$	6X15	7.5	15	5.5	11	19	M3X0.5	2.1	1.5	0.5
LGC2A120	120						7X15									
LGC2A135	135						8X15									
LGC2A150	150						9X15									
LGC2A165	165						10X15									
LGC2A180	180						11X15									
LGC3A50	50						1X25									
LGC3A75	75						2X25									
LGC3A100	100						3X25									
LGC3A125	125						4X25									
LGC3A150	150						5X25									
LGC3A175	175	36	8.5	6.0	3.4	$4^{+0.03}_{+0.005}$	6X25	12.5	25	8.3	16.6	29	M4X0.7	3.1	2	0.5
LGC3A200	200						7X25									
LGC3A225	225						8X25									
LGC3A250	250						9X25									
LGC3A275	275						10X25									
LGC3A300	300						11X25									
LGC4A80	80						1X40									
LGC4A120	120						2X40									
LGC4A160	160						3X40									
LGC4A200	200						4X40									
LGC4A240	240						5X40									
LGC4A280	280	44	11.5	7.5	4.3	$5^{+0.03}_{+0.005}$	6X40	20	40	10	20	35	M5X0.8	4.1	2	0.5
LGC4A320	320						7X40									
LGC4A360	360						8X40									
LGC4A400	400						9X40									
LGC4A440	440						10X40									
LGC4A480	480						11X40									

[Note] One set includes one main rail, two side rails, two roller cages, and the corresponding screws for mounting.

Specification Table

Dimensions of Four-row Type
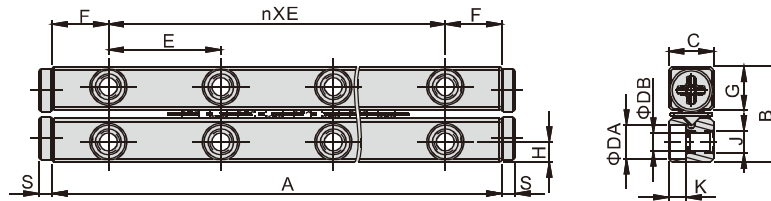
| Model\Item	A	B	C	ΦDA	ΦDB	nXE	F	G	H	J	K	S
LGC1B20	20					1X10						
LGC1B30	30					2X10						
LGC1B40	40					3X10						
LGC1B50	50	8.5	4	3.0	1.55	4X10	5	3.9	1.8	M2X0.4	1.5	1.2
LGC1B60	60					5X10						
LGC1B70	70					6X10						
LGC1B80	80					7X10						
LGC2B30	30					1X15						
LGC2B45	45					2X15						
LGC2B60	60					3X15						
LGC2B75	75					4X15						
LGC2B90	90					5X15						
LGC2B105	105	12	6	4.4	2.5	6X15	7.5	5.5	2.5	M3X0.5	2.1	1.5
LGC2B120	120					7X15						
LGC2B135	135					8X15						
LGC2B150	150					9X15						
LGC2B165	165					10X15						
LGC2B180	180					11X15						
LGC3B50	50					1X25						
LGC3B75	75					2X25						
LGC3B100	100					3X25						
LGC3B125	125					4X25						
LGC3B150	150					5X25						
LGC3B175	175	18	8	6.0	3.4	6X25	12.5	8.3	3.5	M4X0.7	3.1	2
LGC3B200	200					7X25						
LGC3B225	225					8X25						
LGC3B250	250					9X25						
LGC3B275	275					10X25						
LGC3B300	300					11X25						
LGC4B80	80					1X40						
LGC4B120	120					2X40						
LGC4B160	160					3X40						
LGC4B200	200					4X40						
LGC4B240	240					5X40						
LGC4B280	280	22	11	7.5	4.3	6X40	20	10	4.5	M5X0.8	4.1	2
LGC4B320	320					7X40						
LGC4B360	360					8X40						
LGC4B400	400					9X40						
LGC4B440	440					10X40						
LGC4B480	480					11X40						
LGC6B100	100					1X50						
LGC6B150	150					2X50						
LGC6B200	200					3X50						
LGC6B250	250					4X50						
LGC6B300	300					5X50						
LGC6B350	350	31	15	9	5.3	6X50	25	14.7	6	M6X1.0	5.2	3
LGC6B400	400					7X50						
LGC6B450	450					8X50						
LGC6B500	500					9X50						
LGC6B550	550					10X50						
LGC6B600	600					11X50						

[Note] One set includes four side rails, two roller cages, and the corresponding screws for mounting.
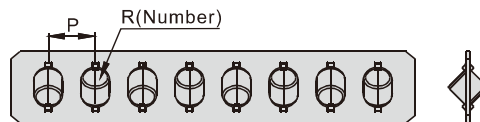
LGC Series

Roller Cage Order Information

LGC 3 R25
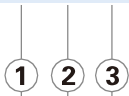
① ② ③

① Model Code	LGC : Crossed Roller Way	
② Roller Diameter	1 : Φ1.5mm 2 : Φ2.0mm	
	3 : Φ3.0mm 4 : Φ4.0mm 6 : Φ6.0mm	
③ The number of rollers	R25:25 rollers …. [Reference to spec. table for detail]	

Specification Table

Informations of Roller Cage

P   R(Number)

Model\Item	P	R	Basic Dynamic Load Rating (C₁)	Basic Static Load Rating (C₀)	Allowable Load (F₀)
LGC1R6		6			
LGC1R7		7			
LGC1R8		8			
LGC1R9		9			
LGC1R10	2.5	10	125N per roller	120N per roller	39N per roller
LGC1R11		11			
LGC1R13		13			
LGC1R16		16			
LGC1R19		19			
LGC2R6		6			
LGC2R7		7			
LGC2R8		8			
LGC2R9		9			
LGC2R10		10			
LGC2R11		11			
LGC2R13		13			
LGC2R16	4	16	292N per roller	290N per roller	97N per roller
LGC2R19		19			
LGC2R22		22			
LGC2R25		25			
LGC2R28		28			
LGC2R32		32			
LGC2R36		36			
LGC3R7		7			
LGC3R8		8			
LGC3R9		9			
LGC3R10		10			
LGC3R11		11			
LGC3R13		13			
LGC3R16		16			
LGC3R19	5	19	640N per roller	610N per roller	203N per roller
LGC3R22		22			
LGC3R25		25			
LGC3R28		28			
LGC3R32		32			
LGC3R36		36			
LGC3R40		40			

Model\Item	P	R	Basic Dynamic Load Rating (C₁)	Basic Static Load Rating (C₀)	Allowable Load (F₀)
LGC4R8		8			
LGC4R9		9			
LGC4R10		10			
LGC4R11		11			
LGC4R13		13			
LGC4R16		16			
LGC4R19		19			
LGC4R22	7	22	1230N per roller	1170N per roller	390N per roller
LGC4R25		25			
LGC4R28		28			
LGC4R32		32			
LGC4R36		36			
LGC4R40		40			
LGC4R45		45			
LGC6R8		8			
LGC6R9		9			
LGC6R11		11			
LGC6R13		13			
LGC6R16		16			
LGC6R19		19			
LGC6R22	9	22	3175N per roller	2550N per roller	810N per roller
LGC6R25		25			
LGC6R28		28			
LGC6R32		32			
LGC6R36		36			
LGC6R40		40			
LGC6R45		45			

User Manual

Load Rating

Load direction	Vertical load		Lateral load	
Type	Three-Row type	Four-Row type	Three-Row type	Four-Row type
Schematic				
Basic dynamic load rating - C_a (N)	$C_a = \{2P \times (\frac{R}{2}-1)\}^{\frac{1}{36}} \times (\frac{R}{2})^{\frac{3}{4}} \times C_1$ * Effective roller number R/2: round off to integer (EX : 5/2=2.5 , take 2)		$C_a = \{2P \times (\frac{R}{2}-1)\}^{\frac{1}{36}} \times (\frac{R}{2})^{\frac{3}{4}} \times 2^{\frac{7}{9}} \times C_1$ *Effective roller number R/2: round off to integer (EX : 5/2=2.5 , take 2)	
Basic Static load rating - C_{a0} (N)	$C_{a0} = R \times C_0$		$C_{a0} = R \times C_0$	
Allowable load - F_{a0} (N)	$F_{a0} = R \times F_0$		$F_{a0} = R \times F_0$	

P: Pitch of roller cage (mm)
R: The number of cylindrical rollers incorporated in a roller cage
C_1: Basic dynamic load rating per cylindrical roller (N)
C_0: Basic static load rating per cylindrical roller (N)
F_0: Allowable load per cylindrical roller (N)

Ex : Calculate LGC3A180R25 basic load rating
From specification table(Informations of Roller Cage)
Pitch of roller cage :P=5mm
The number of cylindrical rollers incorporated in a roller cage : R = 25
Basic dynamic load rating per cylindrical roller : C_1 = 640 N
Basic static load rating per cylindrical roller : C_0 = 610N
Allowable load per cylindrical roller: F_0=203N
Effective roller number R/2 = 12.5, take 12
Take these parameters into calculation, we can get
For Vertical load :Basic dynamic load rating C_a = 4,701.88 N ;
    Basic Static load rating C_{a0} = 15,250 N ;
    Allowable load F_{a0} = 5,075 N ;
For Lateral load : Basic dynamic load rating C_a = 8,061.31 N ;
    Basic Static load rating C_{a0} = 15,250 N ;
    Allowable load F_{a0} = 5,075 N .

Static Safety Factor(f_s)

Inertia force caused by impact, sudden start or stop will exert unexpected force on crossed roller guide. Therefore, safety factor based on working condition needs to be put into consideration, see as follows:

Load Condition	f_s
Normal Load	1.0~1.3
Load with Impacts or Vibrations	2.0~3.0

$$f_s = \frac{C_{a0}}{F}$$

f_s: Static safety factor
C_{a0}: Basic static load rating   (N)
F: Calculated working load   (N)

Nominal Life(L)

Nominal life is calculated as follow:

$$L = (\frac{f_T}{f_w} \cdot \frac{C_a}{F})^{\frac{10}{3}} \times 100$$

L:Nominal life   (km)
C_a:Basic dynamic load rating   (N)
F:Calculated working load   (N)
f_T:Temperature factor   (Reference to Temperature Factor Chart)
f_w:Load factor   (Reference to Load Factor Table)

Calculating the Service Life Time(L_h)

Based on the calculated nominal life, the Service Life Time is obtained through the following equation as if the stroke length and the value of reciprocations per minutes remain constant.

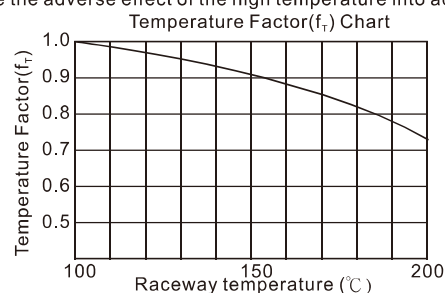$$L_h = \frac{L \times 10^6}{2 \times \ell_s \times m \times 60}$$

L_h:Service life time   (h)
ℓ_s:Stroke length   (mm)
m:Rounds per minute   (min^{-1})

Temperature Factor(f_T)

If the environmental temperature exceeds 100℃, take the adverse effect of the high temperature into account by multiplying the basic load ratings by the temperature factor.

Temperature Factor(f_T) Chart

Load Factor(f_w)

In general, reciprocating machines tend to involve vibrations or impact during operation. it is extremely difficult to accurately determine the impact caused by high-speed motion or frequent start and stop motion. However, the calibrated load can be expected by experience.
The basic load rating(C_a or C_{a0}) divide by load factor(f_w) in the following table to calibrate from speed effect and vibrations.

Load Factor Table		
Vibrations/Impact	Speed(V)	f_w
Faint	V≤0.25m/s	1~1.2
Weak	0.25<V≤1m/s	1.2~1.5

Stroke

When moving, roller cage will move along with rail about half of its moving distance. Therefore, distance between center of loads and roller cage will vary with motion. In order to maintain accuracy, please conform to 'Cross Reference Table for Max. Stroke & Roller Numbers' table when deciding specs.

EX: Choose spec for a roller diameter 6 mm, high accuracy type and desiring length of rails are 300 and 200 mm, desiring moving distance is 50 mm.

Refer to 'Cross Reference Table for Max. Stroke & Roller Numbers' : roller diameter 6 mm with 200 mm as shortest rail, its roller numbers can be R16 or R19, and admissible moving distance is 118 and 64 mm respectively.

Both roller numbers can meet the required working distance 50mm.

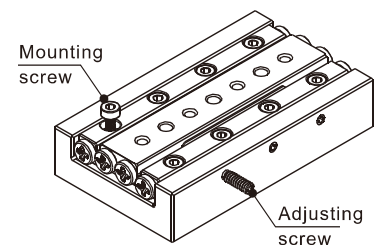### Mounting Screw

Tightening torque for fixing screw

Spec	Screw size	Tightening torque(N.m)
LGC1	M1.4X0.3PX6L	0.14
LGC2	M2.0X0.4PX8L	0.40
LGC3	M3.0X0.5PX9.5L	1.40
LGC4	M4.0X0.7PX16L	3.20
LGC6	M5.0X0.8PX20L	6.60

※High strenth screw is preferred.

Adjusting Screw

Tightening torque for fixing screw

Spec	Screw size	Tightening torque(N.m)
LGC1	M2	0.008
LGC2	M3	0.012
LGC3	M4	0.05
LGC4	M4	0.08
LGC6	M5	0.2

Mounting screw

Adjusting screw

Precautions on use

1.Caution in handling
Dropping crossed roller way may cause damage on surface and further affect its accuracy, and even jerks during movement.

2. Adjustment
Fail to adjust the preload or mounting surfaces correctly will affect the product lifetime and accuracy. Make sure to assemble, install, and adjust the product with care. Appropriate preload will help with rigidity and accuracy; yet overloading the crossed roller way will result in damages and deformation. On installation, please follow the installation procedure and recommended torque.

3. Use as a Set
The accuracy of crossed roller guide is controlled as a set. Accuracy is not guaranteed when mixing parts from different sets.

4. Allowable Load
Definition of allowable load is the maximum loads applied on crossed roller to cause acceptable elastic deformation while maintain a smooth movement. When working condition requires high accuracy and smooth movement, be sure load applied on product is under allowable load.

5. Cage Slippage
The roller cage could slip under high speed motion, vertical use application, unbalanced load, and vibration conditions.
Avoiding excessive loads is recommended. Meanwhile, using crossed roller within range of allowable stroke while applying safety factors will help avoid compression and damage.